



Design Review Checklist- Lacamas Creek Pump Station

The purpose of this sheet is to provide a simplified and expedited review of the design review principles and guidelines using objective review standards. The standards are intended as tool for the decision-maker in making findings that the proposal either achieves compliance with the intent of the principles or reasonably mitigates any conflict. When reviewing the check sheet, the proposal should as a whole "comply" with the standards and thus be generally consistent with the overriding principles. [Yes = In Compliance; No = Not In Compliance; NA = Not Applicable]

Standard Principles and Guidelines

Laca	mas (Creek	Trailhead	
ARCHITECTURE				
Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines	Comments
			Corrugated materials, standing seam, T-1 11, or similar	
			siding materials are avoided unless it produces a high	
			visual (or aesthetic) quality.	
			Buildings walls or fences visible from roadways are	
			articulated in order to avoid a blank look.	
			The use of bold colors has been avoided unless used as	
			minor accents.	
			Higher density/larger structures abutting lower density	
			residential structures have been designed to mitigate	
			size and scale differences.	
LAND	SCAP	ING AI	ND SCREENING	
Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines	Comments
			Vegetation for landscaping includes native, low	
			maintenance plantings. Significant trees are retained if	
			feasible.	
			Trees planted along streetscapes with overhead power	
			lines include only those trees identified on the City's	
			Tree list.	
			Landscaping, including trees, shrubs, and vegetative	
			groundcover, is provided to visually screen and buffer	

			the use from adjoining less intense uses including	
			parking.	
			Proposed fencing is incorporated into the landscaping so	
			as to have little or no visual impact.	
			Signs located on buildings or incorporated into the	
			landscaping are unobtrusive and vandal resistant. If	
			illuminated they are front lit.	
			Landscape lighting - low voltage, non-glare, indirect	
			lighting is directed, hooded or shielded away from	
			neighboring properties.	
			Street lighting (poles, lamps) is substantially similar or	
			architecturally more significant than other street lighting	
			existing on the same street and do not conflict with any	
			City approved street lighting plans for the street.	
			Parking and building lighting is directed away from	
			surrounding properties through the use of hooding,	
			shielding, siting and/or landscaping.	
			Outdoor furniture samples are consistent with the	
-			overall project design.	
			Existing trees over 6" dbh that are not required to be	
			removed to accommodate the proposed development	
-			are retained and incorporated into the landscape plan.	
			Rock outcropping's, forested areas and water bodies are	
			retained.	
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Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines	Comments
			The use of Historic Markers, information kiosks, project	
			names, architectural features, or other elements of the	
			project promote the historic heritage of the site or	
			surrounding area.	

Standard Principles and Guidelines

Baz	Park			
ARCHITECTURE				
Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines	Comments
			Corrugated materials, standing seam, T-1 11, or similar	
			siding materials are avoided unless it produces a high	
			visual (or aesthetic) quality.	
			Buildings walls or fences visible from roadways are	
			articulated in order to avoid a blank look.	
			The use of bold colors has been avoided unless used as	
			minor accents.	
			Higher density/larger structures abutting lower density	
			residential structures have been designed to mitigate	
			size and scale differences.	
	1	r	ND SCREENING	
Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines	Comments
			Vegetation for landscaping includes native, low	
			maintenance plantings. Significant trees are retained if	
			feasible.	
			Trees planted along streetscapes with overhead power	
			lines include only those trees identified on the City's Tree list.	
			Landscaping, including trees, shrubs, and vegetative	
			groundcover, is provided to visually screen and buffer	
			the use from adjoining less intense uses including	
			parking.	
			Proposed fencing is incorporated into the landscaping so	
			as to have little or no visual impact.	
			Signs located on buildings or incorporated into the	
			landscaping are unobtrusive and vandal resistant. If	
			illuminated they are front lit.	
			Landscape lighting - low voltage, non-glare, indirect	
			lighting is directed, hooded or shielded away from	
			neighboring properties.	
			Street lighting (poles, lamps) is substantially similar or	

			architecturally more significant than other street lighting	
			existing on the same street and do not conflict with any	
			City approved street lighting plans for the street.	
			Parking and building lighting is directed away from	
			surrounding properties through the use of hooding,	
			shielding, siting and/or landscaping.	
			Outdoor furniture samples are consistent with the	
			overall project design.	
			Existing trees over 6" dbh that are not required to be	
			removed to accommodate the proposed development	
			are retained and incorporated into the landscape plan.	
			Rock outcropping's, forested areas and water bodies are	
			retained.	
HISTO	ORIC A	ND H	ERITAGE PRESERVATION	
Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines	Comments
			The use of Historic Markers, information kiosks, project	
			names, architectural features, or other elements of the	
			project promote the historic heritage of the site or	
			surrounding area.	

Specific Principles and Guidelines

	GATEWAYS AND CORRIDORS					
SIGN	AGE					
Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines	Comments		
			Free-standing signs are not proposed with the development as they are prohibited in gateways.			
			Preexisting freestanding signs are proposed for removal at the time of development, redevelopment, or major rehabilitation on the site.			
			Proposed signage is standardized to create a consistent look in terms of size, color, and materials.			
STRE	STREETSCAPE					
Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines	Comments		

			The main public entrance is oriented toward the public	
			right-of-way.	
			Pedestrian walkways connect each building's front entry	
			with the sidewalk.	
			Bike lanes are provided and link public areas with	
			neighborhoods and other local and regional bicycle	
			corridors.	
			Alternative transportation, such as attractive bus stop	
			shelters, bicycle parking, etc. are provided.	
			Trees, planting strips or bioswales are used for	
			separating vehicles and pedestrian movements.	
			Street trees no less than two inches in diameter are	
			planted within planter strips or tree wells at a spacing	
			that creates the appearance of a continuous canopy at	
			tree maturation.	
			The surface of pedestrian walkways within intersections	
			are accentuated with a unique character (i.e. pattern	
			stone, exposed aggregate, stamped concrete, etc.)	
			Buildings are placed as close to streets and roads as the	
			zoning code allows.	
			On-site parking is located to the rear or the side of the building.	
-			A consistent iconic streetscape lighting scheme is used	
			that portrays the primary development period,	
			architecture characteristics, or predetermined theme as	
			identified in a concept plan, sub-area plan, or master	
			plan recognized by the City.	
LAND	SCAPI	NG		
Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines	Comments
			Landscaping adjacent to the public right of way provides	
			multiple layers of plantings, including canopy trees,	
			understory trees, shrubs and groundcover.	
			Hanging baskets or trellises are encouraged, and if	
			proposed they must be designed along building	
			frontages to add visual interest.	
			Median planting design/plant selection creates a unique	

	and cohesive streetscape design.	
	Watering system will maintain proposed landscaping (and hanging baskets) for a period to ensure that plants are well established.	