

Date Published: August 31, 2017

## To Whom It May Concern:

Please find enclosed a Determination of Non-Significance (DNS) (Non-project Action) to amend Title 18 Zoning of the Camas Municipal Code (CMC) (SEPA17-20) that was issued pursuant to the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) Rules, Chapter 197-11, Washington Administrative Code. The enclosed review comments reflect evaluation of the environmental checklist by the lead agency as required by WAC 197-11-330(1)(a)(i).

The proposed amendments to CMC Title 18 Zoning and the SEPA Checklist are attached.

Written comments may be submitted on this determination within fourteen (14) days of its issuance, after which the DNS will be reconsidered in light of the comments received.

## Please address all correspondence to:

City of Camas, SEPA Official Community Development Department 616 NE Fourth Avenue Camas, Washington 98607 communitydevelopment@cityofcamas.us

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C-Tran

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## State Environmental Policy Act Determination of Non-Significance

CASE No: SEPA 17-20

Title 18 Zoning of the Camas Municipal Code (CMC)

APPLICANT: City of Camas

REQUEST: To amend CMC Title 18 Zoning due to changes to state law, corrections to

typos, or to clarify sections that may have been challenging to administer

since the past review cycle.

LOCATION: Camas city limits to include the urban growth boundary

LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Portions of Township 2 North, Range 3 East, Sections 17, 20,

21, 27, 28, 29, 32, 33, 34, 35 and 36; Portions of Township 1 North, Range 3 East, Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16; and Portions of Township 1 North Range 4 East, Section 7, and further defined as the Camas City Limits.

SEPA DETERMINATION: Determination of Non-Significance (DNS) (Non-project

action)

COMMENT DEADLINE: September 14, 2017, 5:00 p.m.

As lead agency under the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) Rules [Chapter 197-11, Washington Administrative Code (WAC)], the City of Camas must determine if there are possible significant adverse environmental impacts associated with this proposal. The options include the following:

- DS = Determination of Significance (The impacts cannot be mitigated through conditions of approval and, therefore, requiring the preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS).
- MDNS = Mitigated Determination of Non-Significance (The impacts can be addressed through conditions of approval), or;
- DNS = Determination of Non-Significance (The impacts can be addressed by applying the Camas Municipal Code).

### Determination:

**Determination of Non-Significance (DNS).** The City of Camas, as lead agency for review of this proposal, has determined that this proposal does not have a probable significant adverse impact on the environment. An Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) is not required under RCW 43.21C.030(2)(e). This decision was made after review of a completed environmental checklist, and other information on file with the City of Camas.

### Date of Publication & Comment Period:

Publication date of this DNS is <u>August 31, 2017</u>, and is issued under WAC 197-11-340. The lead agency will not act on this proposal until the close of the 14-day comment period which ends on <u>September 14, 2017</u>. Comments may be sent by email to <u>communitydevelopment@cityofcamas.us</u>.

### SEPA Appeal Process:

An appeal of any aspect of this decision, including the SEPA determination and any required mitigation, must be filed with the Community Development Department within fourteen (14) calendar days from the date of the decision notice. The letter of appeal should contain the following information.

- The case number designated by the City of Camas and the name of the applicant; and,
- 2. The name and signature of each person or group (petitioners) and a statement showing that each petitioner is entitled to file an appeal as described under Section 16.31.060 of the Camas Municipal Code. If multiple parties file a single petition for review, the petition shall designate one party as the contact representative with the City Planner. All contact with the City Planner regarding the petition, including notice, shall be with this contact person.

The appeal request and appropriate fee of \$355 must be submitted to the Community Development Department between 8:00 a.m., and 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, at the address listed below:

Appeal to the City of Camas SEPA Official Community Development Department 616 NE Fourth Avenue Camas, Washington 98607

Responsible Official: Robert Maul (360) 817-1568

Robert Maul, Planning Manager and

Responsible Official

August 31, 2017
Date of publication



# SEPA ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST

## A. Background [help]

1. Name of proposed project, if applicable: [help]
Amendments to Camas Municipal Code, Title 18 Zoning

2. Name of applicant: [help]
City of Camas

3. Address and phone number of applicant and contact person: [help]
Sarah Fox, Senior Planner
616 NE 4th Avenue
Camas, WA 98607

(360) 817-7269

4. Date checklist prepared: [help]
August 28, 2017

5. Agency requesting checklist: [help]
City of Camas

- 6. Proposed timing or schedule (including phasing, if applicable): [help] Adoption of amendments is expected to occur in October.
- 7. Do you have any plans for future additions, expansion, or further activity related to or connected with this proposal? If yes, explain. <a href="[help]">[help]</a>
  <a href="Not applicable">Not applicable</a>
- 8. List any environmental information you know about that has been prepared, or will be prepared, directly related to this proposal. <a href="[help]">[help]</a>
  The city has adopted critical area ordinances and maps based on best available science.
- 9. Do you know whether applications are pending for governmental approvals of other proposals directly affecting the property covered by your proposal? If yes, explain. [help] Not applicable
- 10. List any government approvals or permits that will be needed for your proposal, if known. [help]

City Council must adopt the amendment by ordinance.

11. Give brief, complete description of your proposal, including the proposed uses and the size of the project and site. There are several questions later in this checklist that ask you to describe certain aspects of your proposal. You do not need to repeat those answers on this page. (Lead agencies may modify this form to include additional specific information on project description.) [help]

The amendments will include updates due to changes to state law, corrections to typos, or to clarify sections that may have been challenging to administer since the past review cycle.

12. Location of the proposal. Give sufficient information for a person to understand the precise location of your proposed project, including a street address, if any, and section, township, and range, if known. If a proposal would occur over a range of area, provide the range or boundaries of the site(s). Provide a legal description, site plan, vicinity map, and topographic map, if reasonably available. While you should submit any plans required by the agency, you are not required to duplicate maps or detailed plans submitted with any permit applications related to this checklist. [help]

Portions of Township 2 North, Range 3 East, Sections 17, 20, 21, 27, 28, 29, 32, 33, 34, 35 and 36; Portions of Township 1 North, Range 3 East, Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16; and Portions of Township 1 North Range 4 East, Section 7, and further defined as the Camas City Limits.

### B. ENVIRONMENTAL ELEMENTS [help]

1.	Earth	[help]	
a.	Genera	description of the site: [help]	
(ci	rcle one)	Flat, rolling, hilly, steep slopes, mountainous, other	

Topography in the area ranges from flat in the older core of Camas and on the west side of Prune Hill, to hilly on the flanks of Prune Hill, to steep slopes in some areas of Prune Hill and in some canyons on the south side of Prune Hill. On the northeast side of Lacamas Lake the topography ranges from flat to hilly, with some steep slopes

- b. What is the steepest slope on the site (approximate percent slope)? [help]
  The steepest slope in the area is well over 40% in the southern area of Prune Hill overlooking the Columbia River.
- c. What general types of soils are found on the site (for example, clay, sand, gravel, peat, muck)? If you know the classification of agricultural soils, specify them and note any agricultural land of long-term commercial significance and whether the proposal results in removing any of these soils. [help]
  - The US Soil Conservation survey of Clark County shows a number of soils in the Camas area. There are areas north of Lacamas Lake that are still in agricultural use.
- d. Are there surface indications or history of unstable soils in the immediate vicinity? If so, describe. [help]

There are areas of potentially unstable soils

- e. Describe the purpose, type, total area, and approximate quantities and total affected area of any filling, excavation, and grading proposed. Indicate source of fill. [help]
   None, non-project action
- f. Could erosion occur as a result of clearing, construction, or use? If so, generally describe.
  [help]

None, non-project action

- g. About what percent of the site will be covered with impervious surfaces after project construction (for example, asphalt or buildings)? [help] None, non-project action
- h. Proposed measures to reduce or control erosion, or other impacts to the earth, if any: <a href="[help]">[help]</a>
  <a href="None, non-project action">None, non-project action</a>
- 2. Air [help]
- a. What types of emissions to the air would result from the proposal during construction, operation, and maintenance when the project is completed? If any, generally describe and give approximate quantities if known. <a href="[help]">[help]</a>

None, non-project action

- b. Are there any off-site sources of emissions or odor that may affect your proposal? If so, generally describe. [help]

  None, non-project action
- c. Proposed measures to reduce or control emissions or other impacts to air, if any: [help]
  None, non-project action
- 3. Water [help]
- a. Surface Water:
  - 1) Is there any surface water body on or in the immediate vicinity of the site (including year-round and seasonal streams, saltwater, lakes, ponds, wetlands)? If yes, describe type and provide names. If appropriate, state what stream or river it flows into. [help]

Major water features within the City include the Columbia River, the Washougal River, Lacamas Lake, Lacamas Creek, Fallen Leaf Lake, and Round Lake.

The Columbia River begins in Canada, enters the United States in northeastern Washington, and travels southwest through Washington to the Pacific Ocean. The river exits the Columbia River Gorge shortly before it travels past downtown Camas.

The Washougal River flows southwest from the Cascade Mountains to the City of Camas, where it empties into the Columbia River.

Upper Lacamas Creek (above Lacamas Lake) receives flow from 5 tributaries, only one of which is within the city limits (Dwyer Creek). The other tributaries (China Ditch, Matney Creek, Shanghai Creek, and Fifth Plain Creek) enter Lacamas Creek in rural Clark County.

Lacamas Lake is a 2.4 mile long lake that receives runoff from the surrounding hills and flow from Lacamas Creek. It is connected to Round Lake by a small channel that runs under State Route 500. The water level in Round Lake is controlled by a dam at the south end of the lake, which is run by Georgia Pacific Consumer Products LLC.

Lower Lacamas Creek, below Round Lake, travels down a steep slope and over waterfalls to its confluence with the Washougal River.

Numerous streams and creeks discharge from Prune Hill, including Blue Creek and Forest Home Creek on the south side, and Dwyer Creek on the north side. The Fisher Swale follows the west limits of the city as it heads to the Columbia River.

- 2) Will the project require any work over, in, or adjacent to (within 200 feet) the described waters? If yes, please describe and attach available plans. [help]
  None, non-project action
- Estimate the amount of fill and dredge material that would be placed in or removed from surface water or wetlands and indicate the area of the site that would be affected. Indicate the source of fill material. <a href="[help]">[help]</a>
  <a href="None">None</a>, non-project action</a>
- Will the proposal require surface water withdrawals or diversions? Give general description, purpose, and approximate quantities if known. [help]
   None, non-project action
  - Does the proposal lie within a 100-year floodplain? If so, note location on the site plan. [help]

### None, non-project action

6) Does the proposal involve any discharges of waste materials to surface waters? If so, describe the type of waste and anticipated volume of discharge. [help]

### b. Ground Water:

1) Will groundwater be withdrawn from a well for drinking water or other purposes? If so, give a general description of the well, proposed uses and approximate quantities withdrawn from the well. Will water be discharged to groundwater? Give general description, purpose, and approximate quantities if known. [help]

No

2) Describe waste material that will be discharged into the ground from septic tanks or other sources, if any (for example: Domestic sewage; industrial, containing the following chemicals...; agricultural; etc.). Describe the general size of the system, the number of such systems, the number of houses to be served (if applicable), or the number of animals or humans the system(s) are expected to serve. [help]

### None, non-project action

- c. Water runoff (including stormwater):
  - Describe the source of runoff (including storm water) and method of collection and disposal, if any (include quantities, if known). Where will this water flow?
     Will this water flow into other waters? If so, describe. [help]

### None, non-project action

2) Could waste materials enter ground or surface waters? If so, generally describe. [help]

### None, non-project action

3) Does the proposal alter or otherwise affect drainage patterns in the vicinity of the site? If so, describe. [help]

### None, non-project action

d. Proposed measures to reduce or control surface, ground, and runoff water, and drainage pattern impacts, if any: [help]

- 4. Plants [help]
- a. Check the types of vegetation found on the site: [help]
  - \_\_X\_deciduous tree: alder, maple, aspen, other
  - X evergreen tree: fir, cedar, pine, other
  - X shrubs
  - X grass
  - X pasture
  - X crop or grain
  - X Orchards, vineyards or other permanent crops.
  - \_\_X\_\_ wet soil plants: cattail, buttercup, bullrush, skunk cabbage, other
  - X water plants: water lily, eelgrass, milfoil, other
  - X other types of vegetation
- b. What kind and amount of vegetation will be removed or altered? [help]

  None, non-project action

- c. List threatened and endangered species known to be on or near the site. [help]
  Oregon White Oak and the Camas Lily habitats are protected in the city.
- d. Proposed landscaping, use of native plants, or other measures to preserve or enhance vegetation on the site, if any: [help]
- e. List all noxious weeds and invasive species known to be on or near the site. [help]
   None, non-project action
- 5. Animals [help]
- a. <u>List</u> any birds and <u>other</u> animals which have been observed on or near the site or are known to be on or near the site. [help]

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birds: hawk, heron, eagle, songbirds, other:
mammals: deer, bear, elk, beaver, other: raccoon, possum, rodents
fish: bass, salmon, trout, herring, shellfish, other
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b. List any threatened and endangered species known to be on or near the site. [help]
Five salmonoid species: Fall Chinook, Chum, Coho, Summer & Winter steelhead; and Bull trout are present within Lacamas Creek.

Bald eagles have been known to be along the Lacamas Lake/Creek corridor.

- c. Is the site part of a migration route? If so, explain. [help]

  Portions are within the Pacific Flyway.
- d. Proposed measures to preserve or enhance wildlife, if any: [help]

None, non-project action

e. List any invasive animal species known to be on or near the site. [help]

None, non-project action

- 6. Energy and Natural Resources [help]
- a. What kinds of energy (electric, natural gas, oil, wood stove, solar) will be used to meet the completed project's energy needs? Describe whether it will be used for heating, manufacturing, etc. [help]

b. Would your project affect the potential use of solar energy by adjacent properties? If so, generally describe. [help]

None, non-project action

c. What kinds of energy conservation features are included in the plans of this proposal? List other proposed measures to reduce or control energy impacts, if any: [help]

None, non-project action

- 7. Environmental Health [help]
- a. Are there any environmental health hazards, including exposure to toxic chemicals, risk of fire and explosion, spill, or hazardous waste, that could occur as a result of this proposal? If so, describe. [help]

### None, non-project action

Describe any known or possible contamination at the site from present or past uses.
 [help]

### None, non-project action

- Describe existing hazardous chemicals/conditions that might affect project development and design. This includes underground hazardous liquid and gas transmission pipelines located within the project area and in the vicinity. [help]
   None, non-project action
- 3) Describe any toxic or hazardous chemicals that might be stored, used, or produced during the project's development or construction, or at any time during the operating life of the project. [help]

### None, non-project action

4) Describe special emergency services that might be required. [help]

### None, non-project action

Proposed measures to reduce or control environmental health hazards, if any: [help]
 None, non-project action

### b. Noise [help]

1) What types of noise exist in the area which may affect your project (for example: traffic, equipment, operation, other)? [help]

### None, non-project action

2) What types and levels of noise would be created by or associated with the project on a short-term or a long-term basis (for example: traffic, construction, operation, other)? Indicate what hours noise would come from the site. [help]

- Proposed measures to reduce or control noise impacts, if any: [help]
   None, non-project action
- 8. Land and Shoreline Use [help]

- a. What is the current use of the site and adjacent properties? Will the proposal affect current land uses on nearby or adjacent properties? If so, describe. [help]
  None, non-project action
- b. Has the project site been used as working farmlands or working forest lands? If so, describe. How much agricultural or forest land of long-term commercial significance will be converted to other uses as a result of the proposal, if any? If resource lands have not been designated, how many acres in farmland or forest land tax status will be converted to nonfarm or nonforest use? [help]

Approximately 300 acres north of Lacamas Lake are still being used agriculturally, although these uses are considered as "existing non-conforming" in the city limits, given that the underlying zoning is industrial.

 Will the proposal affect or be affected by surrounding working farm or forest land normal business operations, such as oversize equipment access, the application of pesticides, tilling, and harvesting? If so, how: [help]

None, non-project action

- c. Describe any structures on the site. [help]
  None, non-project action
- d. Will any structures be demolished? If so, what? [help]
  None, non-project action
- e. What is the current zoning classification of the site? [help]
  The city has adopted the following zoning districts: Residential 15,000 (R-15); Residential 12,000 (R-12);
  Residential 10,000 (R-10); Residential 7,500 (R-7.5); Residential 6,000 (R-6); Multi-family 10 (MF-10); Multi-family 18 (MF-18); Multi-family Cottage (MF-C); Neighborhood Park (NP); Special Use Park (SU); Open Space (OS); Regional Commercial (RC); Community Commercial (CC); Neighborhood Commercial (NC); Downtown Commercial (DC); Mixed Use (MX); Business Park (BP); Light Industrial (LI), Heavy Industrial (HI); and Light Industrial / Business Park (LI/BP).
- f. What is the current comprehensive plan designation of the site? [help]
  The city has adopted the following comprehensive plan designations: Single-family Low; Single-family Medium;
  Single-family High; Multi-family Low; Multi-family High; Commercial; Park/ Open Space; and Industrial.
- g. If applicable, what is the current shoreline master program designation of the site? [help] The city has adopted the following shoreline designations Aquatic, Natural, Urban Conservancy, Medium Intensity, and High Intensity.
- h. Has any part of the site been classified as a critical area by the city or county? If so, specify. [help]

There are areas of the city that are considered environmentally sensitive, and are generally identified on the city's critical area maps, Clark County maps, and other available information.

- i. Approximately how many people would reside or work in the completed project? [help]
  The City of Camas has a current population of 20,880
- j. Approximately how many people would the completed project displace? [help] None, non-project action
- k. Proposed measures to avoid or reduce displacement impacts, if any: [help]
  None, non-project action
- L. Proposed measures to ensure the proposal is compatible with existing and projected land uses and plans, if any: [help]

None, non-project action

m. Proposed measures to reduce or control impacts to agricultural and forest lands of long-term commercial significance, if any: [help]

None, non-project action

- 9. Housing [help]
- a. Approximately how many units would be provided, if any? Indicate whether high, middle, or low-income housing. [help]

None, non-project action

b. Approximately how many units, if any, would be eliminated? Indicate whether high, middle, or low-income housing. [help]

None, non-project action

c. Proposed measures to reduce or control housing impacts, if any: [help]
None, non-project action

- 10. Aesthetics [help]
- a. What is the tallest height of any proposed structure(s), not including antennas; what is the principal exterior building material(s) proposed? [help]

- b. What views in the immediate vicinity would be altered or obstructed? [help] None, non-project action
- Proposed measures to reduce or control aesthetic impacts, if any [help] None, non-project action
- 11. Light and Glare [help]
- a. What type of light or glare will the proposal produce? What time of day would it mainly occur? [help]

None, non-project action

- b. Could light or glare from the finished project be a safety hazard or interfere with views? [help] None, non-project action
- c. What existing off-site sources of light or glare may affect your proposal? [help] None, non-project action
- d. Proposed measures to reduce or control light and glare impacts, if any: [help] None, non-project action
- 12. Recreation [help]
- a. What designated and informal recreational opportunities are in the immediate vicinity? [help] None, non-project action
- b. Would the proposed project displace any existing recreational uses? If so, describe. [help] None, non-project action
- c. Proposed measures to reduce or control impacts on recreation, including recreation opportunities to be provided by the project or applicant, if any: [help] None, non-project action

- 13. Historic and cultural preservation [help]
- a. Are there any buildings, structures, or sites, located on or near the site that are over 45 years old listed in or eligible for listing in national, state, or local preservation registers? If so, specifically describe. [help]

There are five sites on the Clark County Heritage Register, twenty-one sites on the Clark County Historical Resources Inventory, and two sites on the National Register of Historical Places.

b. Are there any landmarks, features, or other evidence of Indian or historic use or occupation? This may include human burials or old cemeteries. Are there any material evidence, artifacts, or areas of cultural importance on or near the site? Please list any professional studies conducted at the site to identify such resources. [help]

### None, non-project action

c. Describe the methods used to assess the potential impacts to cultural and historic resources on or near the project site. Examples include consultation with tribes and the department of archeology and historic preservation, archaeological surveys, historic maps, GIS data, etc. [help]

### None, non-project action

d. Proposed measures to avoid, minimize, or compensate for loss, changes to, and disturbance to resources. Please include plans for the above and any permits that may be required. [help] None, non-project action

### 14. Transportation [help]

- a. Identify public streets and highways serving the site or affected geographic area and describe proposed access to the existing street system. Show on site plans, if any. [help]
  The basic roadway system providing circulation to and from Camas is the federal and state highway system:
  Interstate 5, Interstate 205, State Route 14, and State Route 500 (Everett Street within the city limits). The interstates link Camas and surrounding areas to Portland to the south, as well as Olympia and Seattle to the north. State Route 14 is the major east-west connection from Camas to I-205 and I-5. State Route 500 provides access to the northern parts of the County. There are some major arterials: Pacific Rim Boulevard, SE 1st/Lake Road, Leadbetter Road, Brady/Parker Road, and NE 3rd Avenue, to name a few, and several minor arterials that provide circulation between Camas and communities to the east and west. These arterials also provide a significant amount of circulation within the community.
- b. Is the site or affected geographic area currently served by public transit? If so, generally describe. If not, what is the approximate distance to the nearest transit stop? [help]
   Yes, C-Tran serves the Camas area.
- c How many additional parking spaces would the completed project or non-project proposal have? How many would the project or proposal eliminate? [help]

### None, non-project action

d. Will the proposal require any new or improvements to existing roads, streets, pedestrian, bicycle or state transportation facilities, not including driveways? If so, generally describe (indicate whether public or private). [help]

### None, non-project action

e. Will the project or proposal use (or occur in the immediate vicinity of) water, rail, or air transportation? If so, generally describe. [help]

M.T.			4 44 44
None.	non-p	roject	action

f. How many vehicular trips per day would be generated by the completed project or proposal? If known, indicate when peak volumes would occur and what percentage of the volume would be trucks (such as commercial and nonpassenger vehicles). What data or transportation models were used to make these estimates? [help]

None, non-project action

g. Will the proposal interfere with, affect or be affected by the movement of agricultural and forest products on roads or streets in the area? If so, generally describe. [help]

None, non-project action

- h. Proposed measures to reduce or control transportation impacts, if any: [help]
  None, non-project action
- 15. Public Services [help]
- a. Would the project result in an increased need for public services (for example: fire protection, police protection, public transit, health care, schools, other)? If so, generally describe. [help]
  None, non-project action
- b. Proposed measures to reduce or control direct impacts on public services, if any. <a href="[help]">[help]</a>
  None, non-project action
- 16. Utilities [help]

a.	Circle uti	lities current	ly available at	the site:	[help]			
	electricity, other	natural gas	, water, refuse	service,	telephone,	sanitary	sewer,	septic system

The city provides water, sewer and refuse service. Other utilities are available by others.

b. Describe the utilities that are proposed for the project, the utility providing the service, and the general construction activities on the site or in the immediate vicinity which might be needed. [help]

None, non-project action

## C. Signature [help]

Under the pe	enalty of perjury, the above answers are true and complete to the best of my
knowledge.	I understand that the lead agency is relying on them to make its decision.
Signature:	Salton

Signature:	200	)
Name of signee _	Sarah Fox	
Position and Ager	ncy/Organization	Senior Planner, City of Camas
Data Submitted	7/28/17	

## D. supplemental sheet for nonproject actions [help]

(IT IS NOT NECESSARY to use this sheet for project actions)

Because these questions are very general, it may be helpful to read them in conjunction with the list of the elements of the environment. When answering these questions, be aware of the extent the proposal, or the types of activities likely to result from the proposal, would affect the item at a greater intensity or at a faster rate than if the proposal were not implemented. Respond briefly and in general terms.

1. How would the proposal be likely to increase discharge to water; emissions to air; production, storage, or release of toxic or hazardous substances; or production of noise?

The development standards of Title 18 would not affect regulations in regard to protections to air and water, or hazardous substances.

Proposed measures to avoid or reduce such increases are:

None

2. How would the proposal be likely to affect plants, animals, fish, or marine life?

The proposed amendments to the development standards of Title 18 do not affect environmental protections within Title 16.

Proposed measures to protect or conserve plants, animals, fish, or marine life are:

None

3. How would the proposal be likely to deplete energy or natural resources?

The proposed amendments to the development standards of Title 18 will not deplete energy or natural resources.

Proposed measures to protect or conserve energy and natural resources are:

None

4. How would the proposal be likely to use or affect environmentally sensitive areas or areas designated (or eligible or under study) for governmental protection; such as parks, wilderness, wild and scenic rivers, threatened or endangered species habitat, historic or cultural sites, wetlands, floodplains, or prime farmlands?

The proposed amendments to the development standards of Title 18 do not affect environmental protections within Title 16.

Proposed measures to protect such resources or to avoid or reduce impacts are:

None

5. How would the proposal be likely to affect land and shoreline use, including whether it would allow or encourage land or shoreline uses incompatible with existing plans?

The proposed amendments to the development standards of Title 18 do not affect environmental protections within Title 16, or the Camas Shoreline Master Program.

Proposed measures to avoid or reduce shoreline and land use impacts are:

None

6. How would the proposal be likely to increase demands on transportation or public services and utilities? The proposed amendments to the development standards of Title 18 do not modify zoning or the city's comprehensive plan for transportation and utilities.

Proposed measures to reduce or respond to such demand(s) are:

None

7. Identify, if possible, whether the proposal may conflict with local, state, or federal laws or requirements for the protection of the environment.

The proposed amendments to the development standards of Title 18 do not affect environmental protections within Title 16.

## DRAFT AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 18 - ZONING

Chapter 18.03 - DEFINITIONS	
Chapter 18.05 - ZONING MAP AND DISTRICTS	
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**Note to reader:** The following proposed amendments are shown as <u>underlined</u> or strike-through text. A <u>double underlined</u> phrase indicates that it has been moved to another section of the code, rather than deleted. The full content of each chapter is not included, which means that if changes are not shown in this document then they are not intended. All changes were recommended to be forwarded to Council by the Planning Commission, with the exception of additional changes proposed by Staff at pages 15 and 25. See side bar notes on those pages.

## Chapter 18.03 - DEFINITIONS

### 18.03.030 - Definitions for land uses.

For the purposes of this title, the following definitions shall apply:

"Food carts/ food trucks / food delivery business" means a business in which food is primarily prepared and sold from a vehicle or trailer, rather than a site specific building. Restaurants or fast food restaurants with in a fixed authorized location permanent building are not included in this definition. Food carts are generally not allowed to conduct business within the public right-of-way and must be located on leased or owned property. For more information refer to zoning structure setbacks, uses allowed in the zone, and siting requirements at CMC Chapter 18.18 Site Plan Review.

"Kennel / commercial/ boarding" (primary use) means any premises or building in which four or more dogs or cats at least four months of age kept commercially for board, propagation or sale. Facilities for kennels / boarding must be entirely indoors, unless otherwise approved with a Type III permit.

Kennel / boarding (incidental use) means any premises or building in which four or more dogs or cats at least four months of age are kept commercially for training or board. Propagation and sale of pets may not occur as an incidental use. Facilities for the boarding of animals may occupy no more than 30 percent of the gross floor area of the primary building and must be indoors. Excessive barking may be considered cause for revocation of permit in accordance with CMC Section 9.32.050 - Public disturbance noises.

"Video rental store" means an establishment engaged primarily in the business of renting video cassettes, DVD's and games.

## 18.03.040 - Definitions for development terms.

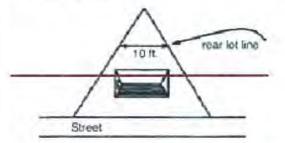
As used in this title:

"Developed/net acreage" means the total acreage of a land use development exclusive of open space and critical areas. Developed/net acreage includes infrastructure, storm drainage facilities and lots and access easements.

"Lot line" means the property line bounding a lot.

Lot Line, Front. "Front lot line" means, in the case of an interior lot, the lot line separating the lot from a street other than an alley, and in the case of a corner lot, the shortest lot line separating the lot from a street other than an alley. See Figure 18.03-8.

Lot Line, Rear. "Rear lot line" means a lot line which is opposite and most distant from the front lot line. In the case of an triangular or irregular shaped lot, a line ten feet in length within the lot parallel to and at the maximum distance most distant from the front lot line shall be considered the rear lot line for purposes of determining required setbacks. See Figures 18.03-6 and 18.03-8.



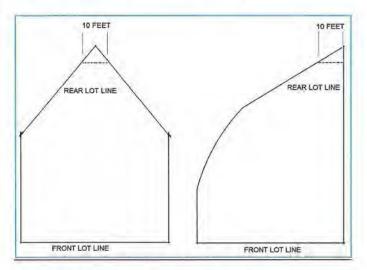


Figure 18.03-6 Rear Lot Line in the Case of a Triangularan Irregular Lot

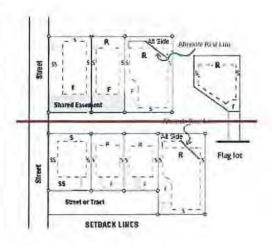


Figure 18.03-8 (1 of 2)

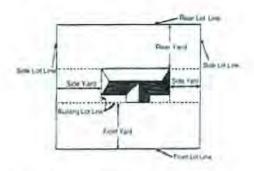


Figure 18.03-8 Yard and Lot Lines (2 of 2)

# Chapter 18.05 - ZONING MAP AND DISTRICTS Sections:

## 18.05.010 - Zoning maps administration.

- A. This title shall consist of the text titled the "City of Camas Zoning Code," and that certain map or books of maps identified by the approving signatures of the mayor and the city clerk, and marked and designated as "The Zoning Map of the City of Camas," which map or book of maps shall be placed on file in the offices of the city clerk, county auditor, and other city departments. This title, and each and all of its terms and map details, is to be interpreted in light of the context of the book of maps in relationship to the comprehensive plan. In any conflict between the maps and the text of this code the text shall prevail.
- B. Zoning text and map Aamendments. Amendments may be proposed by city council or on its own motion, or may be proposed by the planning commission on its own motion, or such an amendment may be proposed by an applicant or city staff pursuant to CMC Chapter 18.55 51 Administration and Procedures Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Amendments.
- C. Administration and Procedures. A correct copy of each amendment to the text or to the map established by this title shall be maintained on file in the offices of the city clerk and the planning official.

- D. Site Specific Rezones. A site specific rezone involves an application of an owner of a specific parcel or set of contiguous parcels that does not require modification of the comprehensive plan. Site specific rezones are decided by the hearing officer after a public hearing. The criteria for reviewing and approving a site specific rezone are as follows:
  - The use or change in zoning requested shall be in conformity with the adopted comprehensive plan, the provisions
    of this title, and the public interest.
  - 2. The proposed zone change shall be compatible with the existing established development pattern of the surrounding area in terms of lot sizes, densities and uses.
- E. Timing and Responsibility for Updating Official Zoning Map. All amendments hereafter made to the zoning map by ordinance shall be shown on such map(s), and it shall be the responsibility of the planning official to keep the maps up to date at all times. Any amendments to the zoning map shall be made in accordance with the comprehensive plan map, as amended.

## 18.05.020 - Districts designated.

For the purposes of the Code, the city is divided into zoning districts designated as follows:

District	Symbol	Comprehensive Plan Designation
Residential 20,000	<del>R-20</del>	Single-family Low
Residential 15,000	R-15	Single-family Low
Residential 12,000	R-12	Single-family Medium
Residential 10,000	R-10	Single-family Medium
Residential 7,500	R-7.5	Single-family Medium
Residential 6,000	R-6	Single-family High
Residential 5,000	R-5	Single family High
Multifamily-10	MF-10	Multifamily Low
Multifamily-18	MF-18	Multifamily High
Multifamily-24	MF-24	Multifamily High
Multifamily Cottage	MF-C	Overlay
Neighborhood Commercial	NC	Commercial
Community Commercial	CC	Commercial
Regional Commercial	RC	Commercial
Mixed Use	MX	Commercial
Downtown Commercial	DC	Commercial
Light Industrial	LI	Industrial
Heavy Industrial	HI	Industrial
Business Park	BP	Industrial
Light Industrial/Business Park	LI/BP	Light Industrial/Business Park Industrial
Neighborhood Park	NP	Park
Special Use Park	SU	Park
Open space/Green space	OS	Open space I Green space

## 18.05.040 - Residential and multifamily zones.

A. R-20 Residential-20,000. This zone is intended to ensure that the rural character of certain portions of the city is maintained. Residential development is expected to consist of large custom single-family dwellings on uniquely

- configured lots which are designed to be sensitive to topographic and environmental considerations. The average lot size is twenty thousand square feet at densities of one to two dwellings per acre.
- B. R-15 Residential-15,000. This zone is intended for single-family dwellings with a minimum density of two to three dwellings per acre. This zone will permit the rural character of a number of existing neighborhoods to be maintained. The average lot size is fifteen thousand square feet.
- C. R-12 Residential-12,000. This zone is intended for single-family dwellings with densities of three to four dwelling units per acre. This zone is designated for areas with steep topography for greater flexibility in site layout, and where potential hazards do not exist. The average lot size is twelve thousand square feet.
- D. R-IQ10 Residential-10,000. This zone is intended for single-family dwellings with densities of four to five dwellings per acre. This zone is intended to be zoned near low density residential districts, and where potential natural hazards do not exist. The average lot size is ten thousand square feet.
- E. R-7.5 Residential-7,500. This zone is intended for single-family dwellings with densities of five to six dwellings per acre. This zone should have less slope than lower density zones, and be adjacent to existing high density residential districts. The average lot size is seven thousand five hundred square feet.
- F. R-6 Residential-6,000. This zone is intended for single-family dwellings with densities of six to seven dwellings per acre. The slope of property is less than other lower density residential zones. This zone serves a transition to multifamily or commercial zones. The average lot size is six thousand square feet.
- G. R-5 Residential-5,000. This zone is intended for single-family dwellings, either attached or detached, with densities of up to eight and one-half dwellings per acre. The slope of property is less than other medium density residential zones. Like the R-6 district, this zone serves as a transition to multifamily or commercial zones. The average lot size is five thousand square feet.
- H. MF-10 Multifamily Residential. This zone provides for a diversity of dwellings such as duplexes, triplexes, fourplexes, rowhouses, and apartment complexes, with a density of up to ten units per acre. It is desirable for this zone to be adjacent to parks and multi-modal transportation systems. This zone can also serve as a transition between commercial and residential zones.
- I. MF-18 and MF-24-Multifamily Residential. These zones are intended to provide for dwellings such as rowhouses and apartment complexes. It is desirable for these zones to be adjacent to parks and multi-modal transportation systems. These zones also serve as a transition between commercial and residential zones.
- J. MF-C Cottage. This is an overlay zone, which is intended to increase the housing supply and style choices for smaller, single-level dwellings. It is desirable that cottages are designed to include unique architectural elements such as a front porch, steep-pitch gable roof, and a recessed garage; and to accommodate those with mobility impairments. This overlay zone may be utilized within multi-family zones only, and upon approval of a zoning district change.

## 18.05.060 - Overlay zones/special planning areas.

Overlay zones implement the goals and values expressed in the comprehensive plan\_, or special planning areas such as the North Dwyer Creek master plan. Uses within this area may be subject to standards which deviate from those in the primary zone.

## Chapter 18.07 - USE AUTHORIZATION

Sections:

## 18.07.020 - Interpretation of land use tables.

The land use tables in this chapter determine whether a specific use is allowed in a zone district. The zone district is located on the vertical column and the specific use is located on the horizontal rows of these tables.

- A. If the letter "X" appears in the box at the intersection of the column and the row, the use is not allowed in that district, except for certain temporary uses.
- B. If the letter "P" appears in the box at the intersection of the column and the row, the use is allowed in that district subject to review procedures in accordance with CMC Chapter 18.55 "Administration and Procedures."

- C. If the letter "C" appears in the box at the intersection of the column and the row, the use is allowed subject to the conditional use review procedures specified in Chapter 18.43 "Conditional Use Permits," and the general requirements of the Camas Municipal Code.
- D. If the letter "T" appears in the box at the intersection of the row, the use is temporarily permitted under the procedures of Chapter 18.47 "Temporary Use Permits." Other temporary uses not listed may be authorized as provided in Chapter 18.47.
- E. If a number appears in a box at the intersection of the column and the row, the use is subject to the requirements specified in the note corresponding with the number immediately following the table.
- F. Uses accessory to a use permitted or conditionally permitted in any zone may be authorized subject only to those criteria and/or processes deemed applicable by the head of the planning department.
- G. If a use is not listed under either Section 18.07.030 Table 1 or 18.07.040 Table 2, and is not an accessory or temporary use, then the use shall be subject to a zoning code text amendment. Notwithstanding a zoning code text amendment, or whatever review process is deemed more applicable by the community development directorshallmay determine whether a proposed land use not specifically listed in a land use table is allowed in a zone. The director shall take into consideration the following when making a determination:
  - 1. Whether or not the proposed use in a particular zone is similar impact to other permitted or conditional uses or is compatible with other uses; and
    - 2. Whether or not the proposed use is consistent with the zone's purpose.

A use listed in one table but not the other shall be considered a prohibited use in the latter.

### 18.07.030 - Table 1—Commercial and industrial land uses.

KEY: P = Permitted Use C = Conditional Use X = Prohibited Use T = Temporary Use

Zoning Districts	NC	DC	CC	RC	MX	BP	LI/ BP	LI	н
Commercial Uses									
Animal kennel, commercial Loarding 6	X	X	Х	€ P <sup>11</sup>	X	€ P <sup>11</sup>	Х	¥ P 11	¥ p11
Animal shelter <sup>6</sup>	X	X	Х	C	X	С	Х	С	P
Antique shop <sup>6</sup>	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	С	Х	X	Р
Appliance sales and service <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	Р	P	Р	Р	Х	С	P
Automobile repair (garage) <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	С	P	X	Р	Х	Р	P
Automobile sales, new or used <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	Х	P	X	P	Х	P	P
Automobile service station <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	С	Р	X	Р	X	Р	P
Automobile wrecking <sup>6</sup>	X	Х	Х	X	X	X	Х	X	C
Bakery (wholesale) <sup>6</sup>	X	X	Х	Р	X	P	P 5	Р	P
Bakery (retail) <sup>6</sup>	Р	P	P	P	P	Р	P 5	Р	P
Banks, savings and Ioan	X	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	P 5	Р	Р
Barber and beauty shops <sup>6</sup>	Р	P	Р	P	P	Р	P.5	Р	P
Boat building <sup>6</sup>	X	X	X	C	X	С	X	С	Р
Boat repair and sales <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	X	P	X	Р	X	P	P
Book store <sup>6</sup>	С	Р	Р	P	Р	Р	p 5	Р	P
Bowling alley/billiards <sup>6</sup>	X	P	Х	Р	Р	Р	Х	P	P
Building, hardware and garden supply store <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	С	Р	Р	Р	Х	Р	P
Bus station <sup>6</sup>	X	C	С	P	С	Р	X	Р	P

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							Au	gust 2	4, 20
Zoning Districts	NC	DC	CC	RC	MX	BP	LI/ BP	LI	HI
Cabinet and carpentry shop <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	С	Р	С	Р	p 5	Р	Р
Candy; confectionery store <sup>6</sup>	P	P	Р	Р	Р	P	P 5	Р	P
Cart vendors 6	€	Þ	€	P	€	P	₽.5	Þ	P
Cemetery <sup>6</sup>	X	X	X	С	X	X	X	С	P
Clothing store <sup>6</sup>	С	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	X	Р	Р
Coffee shop, cafe <sup>6</sup> or kiosk	Р	P	P	Р	P	P	P 5	Р	P
Convention center <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	X	С	С	Р	Р	С	X
Day care center <sup>6</sup>	С	Р	Р	С	Р	С	P 5	С	С
Day care, adult	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Day care, family home <sup>6</sup>	Р	Р	P	P	P	X	P 5	Р	X
Day care, mini-center <sup>6</sup>	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	P 5	Р	X
Delicatessen (deli) <sup>6</sup>	Р	Р	Р	P	Р	Р	P 5	Р	P
Department store <sup>6</sup>	Х	Р	С	Р	Р	Р	X	Р	X
Electric vehicle battery charging station and rapid charging stations	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Equipment rental <sup>6</sup>	С	Р	С	С	С	Р	P 5	Р	Р
Event center	X	Р	С	Р	С	Р	Р	Р	P
Feed store <sup>6</sup>	X	X	Х	Р	Х	С	X	Р	Р
Fitness center/sports club <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	Р	Р	P	Р	P 5	Р	P
Funeral home <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	С	Р	Р	Х	X	X	X
Florist shop <sup>6</sup>	P	P	Р	Р	P	P	P 5	Р	X
Food cart/ Food truck / Food delivery business 6	×-c	Р	С	Р	С	Р	X-C	Р	Х
Furniture repair; upholstery <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	С	P	Р	Р	X	Р	P
Furniture store <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	С	Р	P	Р	Х	Р	X
Gas/fuel station <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	С	P	X	P	Х	Р	Р
Gas/fuel station with mini market <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	С	Р	Х	Р	X	Р	P
Grocery, large scale <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	С	P	Р	C <sub>8</sub>	X	Р	P
Grocery, small scale <sup>6</sup>	Р	Р	С	Р	Р	Р	X	Р	Р
Grocery, neighborhood scale <sup>6</sup>	P	Р	Р	Р	P	P	P 5	Р	X
Hospital, emergency care <sup>6</sup>	X	C	Р	Р	P	Р	Х	Р	X
Hotel, motel <sup>6</sup>	X	С	С	P	Р	Р	X	Р	X
Household appliance repair <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	С	Р	Р	Р	X	Р	Р
Industrial supplies store <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	X	С	С	С	X	С	Р
Laundry/dry cleaning (industrial)	X	Χ	X	Р	X	X	X	Р	Р
Laundry/dry cleaning (retail) <sup>6</sup>	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	P 5	Р	P
Laundry (self-serve)	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Х	Р	P
Liquor store <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	С	Р	С	С	X	С	С
Machine shop <sup>6</sup>	X	Χ	С	С	С	С	P 5	С	P
Marijuana processor	X	Х	Х	X	Х	X	X	X	X
Marijuana producer	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	X	X
Marijuana retailer	X	X	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	X	X
Medical or dental clinics (outpatient) <sup>6</sup>	С	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	P 5	Р	Р
Mini-storage/vehicular storage <sup>6</sup>	X	Х	С	С	Х	Р	X	P	P
Manufactured home sales lot <sup>6</sup>	X	Х	Х	Р	X	Х	X	Р	Р
Newspaper printing plant <sup>6</sup>	Х	Р	С	С	X	Х	X	P	Р

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Zoning Districts	NC	DC	СС	RC	MX	ВР	LI/	lgust 24	HI
Nursery, plant <sup>6</sup>	X	P	С	C	C	С	BP X	С	P
Nursing, rest, convalescent, retirement home <sup>6</sup>	C	P	P	P	P	X	X	X	X
Office supply store <sup>6</sup>	Х	P .	P	P	P	X	p 5	P	P
Pawnshop <sup>6</sup>	X	X	X	Х	Х	Х	X	C	C
Parcel freight depots <sup>6</sup>	X	P	X	P	Х	P	P 5	Р	P
Pet shops <sup>6</sup>	X	P	P	P	P	P	X	P	C
Pharmacy <sup>6</sup>	Χ	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	P 5	Р	P
Photographic/electronics store <sup>6</sup>	Х	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	P 5	Р	P
Plumbing, or mechanical service <sup>6</sup>	Х	Х	Х	P	С	Р	X	Р	Р
Printing, binding, blue printing <sup>6</sup>	С	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	P 5	Р	Р
Professional office(s) <sup>6</sup>	С	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Public agency <sup>6</sup>	С	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Real estate office <sup>6</sup>	С	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Т	Р	Р
Recycling center <sup>6</sup>	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Р	Р
Recycling collection point <sup>6</sup>	Tor	Р	Tor	Tor	С	С	P <sup>5</sup>	Р	Р
	С		С	С					
Recycling plant <sup>6</sup>	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	С	P
Research facility <sup>6</sup>	Х	Р	С	С	Χ	Р	Р	Р	Р
Restaurant <sup>6</sup>	C	P	P	Р	С	P	P 5	P	P
Restaurant, fast food <sup>6</sup>	Х	P	С	Р	С	Р	P 5	P	Р
Roadside produce stand <sup>6</sup>	T	Т	Т	Т	С	Х	Т	Т	Т
Sand, soil, gravel sales and storage <sup>6</sup>	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	С	Р
Second-hand/consignment store <sup>6</sup>	С	P	P	P	P	Р	X	P	Р
Sexually oriented business 1,5	X	X	X	Χ	Х	Χ	Р	Х	X
Shoe repair and sales <sup>6</sup>	P	P	P	Р	P	P	Х	P	P
Smoke shop/head shop <sup>9</sup>	X	X	Р	P	Х	Х	X	Х	X
Stock broker, brokerage firm	P	P	P	P	P	Р	Р	P	P
Specialty goods production (e.g. brew pub)	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Taverns <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	С	P	С	Р	X	Р	P
Theater, except drive-in <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	С	Р	Р	Р	X	P	Р
Truck terminals <sup>6</sup>	X	С	Х	С	Х	Х	Х	С	P
Veterinary clinic <sup>6</sup>	X	Р	С	Р	Р	Р	X	Р	Р
<del>Video rental store <sup>6</sup></del>	P	P	₽	₽	P	P	X	P	X
Warehousing, wholesale and trade <sup>6</sup>	X	X	X	С	С	Р	P <sup>5</sup>	Р	Р
Warehousing, bulk retail <sup>6</sup>	X	X	X	C	C	Х	X	Р	P
Manufacturing and/or processing of the following:	· Porting and the second second	- Konstitution of the same		Maria de la Carta de		r	- necession in the second		1
Cotton, wool, other fibrous material	X	X	X	Х	Х	P	X	P	P
Food production or treatment	X	X	X	С	С	Р	X	Р	C
Foundry	X	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	С	C
Furniture manufacturing	Х	Р	Х	Х	С	С	X	Р	Р
Gas, all kinds (natural, liquefied)	X	X	Х	X	X	Х	X	X	С
Gravel pits/rock quarries	X	X	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	С	Р
Hazardous waste treatment—Off-site	X	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	P
Hazardous waste treatment—On-site	X	X	X	Х	X	X	X	X	P
Junkyard/wrecking yard	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	C

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								August 24, 201			
Zoning Districts	NC	DC	CC	RC	MX	BP	LI/ BP	LI	н		
Metal fabrication and assembly	X	X	X	Х	X	С	X	X	P		
Hazardous waste treatment—On-site	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	P		
Paper, pulp or related products	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	P		
Signs or other advertising structures	X	X	X	С	С	С	P	C	P		
Electronic equipment	X	Р	X	X	X	X	Р	Р	P		
Industrial Uses											
High-tech industry	X	Р	X	X	Р	P	P 2	X	X		
Manufacturing of miscellaneous goods (e.g. musical instruments, toys, vehicle parts)	Х	X	X	Х	С	Х	X	Р	P		
Optical goods	X	С	С	С	С	Р	p 5	Р	P		
Packaging of prepared materials	X	X	C	P	C	C	P 5	C	P		
Scientific and precision instruments	X	Р	X	X	X	Р	Р	Р	P		
Recreational, Religious, Cultural Uses											
Auditorium <sup>6</sup>	С	P	Р	Р	P	Р	X	P	P		
Community club <sup>6</sup>	С	P	P	P	Р	Р	X	Р	P		
Church <sup>6</sup>	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	X	Р	Р		
Golf course/driving range <sup>6</sup>	Р	X	P	P	X	P	P 5	Р	P		
Library <sup>6</sup>	С	P	P	P	Р	Р	X	Р	P		
Museum <sup>6</sup>	C	Р	Р	P	Р	P	X	Р	P		
Recreational vehicle park <sup>6</sup>	X	X	X	С	X	Х	X	Р	Р		
Open space <sup>6</sup>	P	P	Р	Р	P	Р	Р	Р	P		
Park or playground	P	Р	Р	P	Р	P	P	Р	P		
Sports fields <sup>6</sup>	C	X	P	P	P	P	X	Р	P		
Trails	P	P	P	P	P	P	Р	Р	P		
Educational Uses											
College/university <sup>6</sup>	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	P	X	Р	P		
Elementary school <sup>6</sup>	P	P	Р	Р	Р	P	X	Р	P		
Junior or senior high school <sup>6</sup>	P	Р	P	Р	Р	P	X	Р	Р		
Private, public or parochial school <sup>6</sup>	P	P	P	P	P	P	X	Р	P		
Trade, technical or business college <sup>6</sup>	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	P		
Residential Uses											
Adult family home	€	Þ	₽	×	P	X	X	×	×		
Assisted living	€	Þ	P	×	Þ	×	×	×	×		
Bed and breakfast	Þ	Þ	Þ	×	P	×	×	×	×		
Designated manufactured home	×	X	×	×	Þ	×	×	X	×		
Duplex or two-family dwelling	×	<del>C/P</del> 7	×	×	Þ	×	×	×	×		
Group home	E	P	Þ	×	P	×	×	×	×		
Home occupation	Þ	P	Þ	×	P	X	X	×	×		
Housing for the disabled	Þ	₽	Þ	X	P	×	×	×	×		
Apartment	×	P	×	×	P	×	X	×	×		
Residence accessory to and connected with a business	Þ	Þ	Þ	×	Þ	×	×	×	×		
Single-family attached (e.g. rowhouses)	×	C/P 7	×	×	Þ	×	×	×	×		

Zoning Districts	NC	DC	CC	RC	MX	ВР	LI/ BP	LI	H
Single-family dwelling	×	X	×	×	P	X	×	X	×
Residential Uses in Commercial and Industrial Zones									
Adult family home	C	P	P	X	P	X	X	X	X
Assisted living	C	P	Р	X/P10	P	X	X	X	X
Bed and breakfast	Р	Р	Р	X	Р	X	X	X	X
Designated manufactured home	X	X	X	X	P	X	X	X	X
Duplex or two-family dwelling	X	C/P7	X	X	Р	X	X	X	X
Group home	С	P	Р	X	P	X	X	X	X
Home occupation	Р	Р	P	X/P10	P	X	X	X	X
Housing for the disabled	P	P	P	X/P <sup>10</sup>	P	X	X	X	X
Apartment, multifamily development, row houses	X	C/P7	X/P <sup>10</sup>	X/P10	PC	X	X	X	X
Residence accessory to and connected with a business	Р	Р	Р	X/P <sup>10</sup>	Р	X	Х	Х	X
Single-family dwelling	X	X	X	X	Р	X	X	X	X
Communication, Utilities and Facilities									
Electrical vehicle infrastructure	P	P	Р	P	Р	P	P	P	P
Major telecommunication facility 6	×	×	×	X	X	X	×	×	E
Minor telecommunication facility	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	€	P
Wireless communications facility-3,6	-	to Cha		.35					
Facilities, minor public	P	P	P	P	C	P	P	C	P
Facility, essential 6	X	X	С	C	С	С	P	С	C
Railroad tracks and facilities 6	C	X	C	С	C	X	X	С	C
Temporary Uses									
Temporary sales office for a development 4	T	T	T	-	-	T	T	T	T

- Notes:
- 1. See CMC Chapter 5.36 Sexually Oriented Businesses for additional regulations for siting sexually oriented business facilities.
- Similar uses are permitted in the zone district only at the discretion of the community development director or designee.
- See CMC Chapter 18.35 "Telecommunication Ordinance" for wireless communication uses permitted according to the zone district. Reserved.
- See CMC Chapter 18.47 "Temporary Uses" for additional regulations.
- See secondary use provisions of LI/BP zone.
- 6. See CMC Chapter 18.19 "Design Review" for additional regulations. CMC Chapter 18.19 is not applicable to development in the LI/BP zone.
- 7. Residential uses may be outright permitted if part of a mixed use building, where residential use is not located on the ground level; otherwise it shall be a conditional use.
- 8. If grocery store is less than one hundred thousand square feet then use is outright permitted. If one hundred thousand square feet or over then a conditional use permit is required.
- 9. A. Must be sited a minimum one thousand feet of the perimeter of the grounds of any elementary or secondary school, playground, recreation center or facility, child care center, public park, public transit center, or library, or game arcade to which is not restricted to persons twenty-one years or older as defined in WAC 314-55-010 on June 20, 2015;

- B. The business shall post clear signage in a conspicuous location near each public entrance stating no person under the age of twenty-one may enter the premises; and
- C. No smoke shop/head shop subject to this note shall be located within five miles of an existing lawfully established smoke shop/head shop. All measurements under (A) and (C) shall be measured from the nearest property line of the property on which the use is proposed to the nearest property line of an existing business utilizing Clark County GIS.
- 10. Allowed as approved in a mixed use planned development (MXPD) overlay area. On tracts 10 acres or more, subject to approval by City Council of a master plan and development agreement, a mixed use development may be approved provided no less than 51% of the net developable acreage is committed to commercial uses.
- 11. Conditional use permit is required if facilities for kennels are proposed outdoors.

## 18.07.040 - Table 2—Residential and multifamily land uses.

KEY: P=Permitted Use C=Conditional Use X = Prohibited Use T = Temporary Use

### Authorized Uses in Residential and Multifamily Zones

	R	MF
Residential Uses		
Adult family home, residential care facility, supported living arrangement, or housing for the disabled  1	P	P
Apartments	P2	Р
Assisted living 1	С	Р
Designated manufactured homes	P	P
Duplex or two-family dwelling	С	Р
Manufactured home	X	Х
Manufactured home park	X	С
Nursing, rest, convalescent, retirement home 1	C	Р
Single-familyResidential attached housing for three or more units (e.g., rowhouses)	<u>X/</u> P2	Р
Single-family dwelling (detached)	P	Р
Incidental Uses		
Accessory dwelling unit	Р	Р
Animal training, kennel, boarding	<u>X</u>	<u>C</u>
Day care center 1	С	P
Day care, family home	Р	P
Day care, minicenter 1	С	P
Electric vehicle battery charging station and rapid charging stations	Р	Р
Gardening and horticulture activities	Р	Р
Home occupation	Р	P
Bed and breakfast 1	С	С
Recreation/Religious/Cultural		
Church 1	С	С
Community clubs, private or public 1	С	С
Library 1	С	С
Museum 1	С	С
Open space 1	Р	Р
Public or semi-public building 1	С	С
Park or playground	Р	Р
Sports fields 1	С	С

	R	MF
Trails	P	Р
Educational Uses		
Private, public or parochial school 1	C	С
Trade, technical, business college 1	X	<u>*C</u>
College/university 1	X	X
Communication and Utilitie	S .	
Major communication facility 1	×	×
Minor communication facility	€	€
Wireless communication facility 4	Refer to Ch	apter
	18.35	
	€	E
Facilities, minor public	С	С
Public utilities, minor	C	С
Pumping station 1	C	C
Railroad tracks and facilities 1	С	С
Temporary Uses		
Sales office for a development in a dwelling 1, 4	T	T
Sales office for a development in a trailer 3, 4	T	Т

### Notes:

- 1. See Chapter 18.19 "Design Review" for additional regulations.
- 2. Permitted in the R zones as part of a planned development only.
- 3. Site plan review required per CMC Section 18.18.020(A)(1).
- 4. Notwithstanding the time limitations of a temporary use, a sales office proposed and approved through a Type III application may be approved with a longer time frame than one hundred eighty days.

## Chapter 18.09 - DENSITY AND DIMENSIONS

	NC	DC	СС	RC	MX	LI	ВР	HI	LI/BP Note 4
Bulk Regulations									
Maximum Density (dwelling units/net acre)	n/a	None	<u>n/a</u>	n/a	24	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	n/a	<u>n/a</u>
Minimum lot area (square feet)	5,000	None None	None	None	1,800	10,000	1/2 acre	None	10 acres
Minimum lot width (feet)	40	None Note-1	None Note	Note <sup>4</sup> None	None None	100	100	None	Not specified
Minimum lot depth (feet)	40	None	None	None	None None	None	100	None	Not specified
Setbacks:				-		-			
Commercial and ind	ustrial devel	opment setba	acks shall be	as follows, u	inless along a	flanking stre	et of a cor	ner lot. If	along
flanking street, then	the setback	must be treat	ted like a fro	nt, and prov	ide safe sight	distance.			
Minimum front yard (feet) <del>Note 3</del>	15′	Note <u>5-4</u>	Note <u>5-4</u>	Note <u>5-4</u>	Note <u>3</u> €	Not specified None	15	None	5' per 1 foot of building height (200' minimum)
Minimum side yard (feet)	None/ 10' Note 12	Note 1 None	Note 1 None	Note 1 None	Note 1 10'	15' or 25' if abutting a residenti al area	15	None None	100' for building; 25' for parking
Minimum rear yard (feet)	Note 1 None	Note 1 None	Note 1 None	Note 1 None	Note 1 25'	25′	50	None	100' for building; 25' for parking area
Lot Coverage									
Lot coverage (percentage)	85%	Note 1 None	Note 1 None	Note 1 None	Note 1 1 story (60%) 2 stories or more (50%)	70%	50%	None	1 story (30%) 2 stories (40%) 3 stories (45%)
Building Height									
Maximum building height (feet)	2.5 stories; or 35	Note 1 None	Note 1 None	Note 1 None	Note 1 None	acre or less: 35'; 1 to 2 acres: 45'; 2 acres or more: 60'	Note 1 None	Note 1 None	60

Notes: 1. No limitation.

- If along a flanking street of corner lot.
- On corner parcels, (parcels bordered by two or more streets), the setback requirements shall be the same for all street frontages. Front setback restrictions shall apply.
- 24. The densities and dimensions in the LI/BP zone may be reduced under a planned industrial development. See Chapters 18:20 North Dwyer Creek Residential Overlay and 18:21 Light Industrial/Business Park.
- 36. Maximum setback at front building line is ten feet.
- 54. Residential dwelling units shall satisfy the <u>front</u> setbacks of CMC Section 18.09.040 Table 2, based on comparable lot size.

18.09.040 - Table 21—Density and dimensions—Single-family residential zones.

Density and Dimensions for Single-family Residential Zones 1

	R-5	R-6	R-7.5	R-10	R-12	R-15	R-20
		A. Stan	dard New Lo	ts			
Maximum density (dwelling units/gress-net acre)	8.7	7.2	5.8	4.3	3.6	2.9	2.1
Average lot area (square feet) 54	5,000	6,000	7,500	10,000	12,000	15,000	20,000
Minimum lot size (square feet)	4,000	4,800	6,000	8,000	9,600	12,000	16,000
Maximum lot size (square feet) 43	6,000	7,200	9,000	12,000	14,400	18,000	24,000
		9,000	12,000	14,000	18,000	24,000	
Minimum lot width (feet)	50	60	70	80	90	100	100
Minimum lot depth (feet)	80	90	90	100	100	100	100
Maximum building lot coverage <sup>5</sup>	45%	40%	40%	35%	30%	30%	30%
Maximum building height (feet) 32	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
		B. Densit	y Transfer Lo	ots 1			
Maximum density (dwelling units/netgross acre	8.7	7.2	5.8	4.3	3.6	2.9	2.1
Minimum lot size (square feet)	3,500	4,200	5,250	7,000	8,400	10,500	14,000
Maximum lot size (square feet) 43	6,000	7,200	9,000	12,000	14,400	18,000	24,000
Minimum lot width (feet) 1	40	50	60	60	70	80	90
Minimum lot depth (feet) 1	80	80	80	90	90	100	100
Maximum building lot coverage	45%	40%	40%	40%	35%	35%	30%
Maximum building height (feet) 32	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
atos:							

Notes:

- 1. For additional density and dimension provisions, see CMC Sections 18.09.060 through 18.09.180.
- 32. Maximum building height: three stories and a basement, not to exceed height listed.
- 43. For parcels with an existing dwelling, a one-time exception may be allowed to partition from the parent parcel a lot that exceeds the maximum lot size permitted in the underlying zone. Any further partitioning of the parent parcel or the oversized lot must comply with the lot size requirements of the underlying zone.
- 54. Average lot area is based on the square footage of all lots within the development or plat. The average lot size may vary from the stated standard by no more than five hundred square feet.
- 6.5 The maximum building lot coverage for single-story homes may be up to forty-five percent in R-6 and R-7.5 zones, and forty percent in R-10 and R-12 zones. To qualify for increased lot coverage, a single-story home cannot include a basement or additional levels.

## 18.09.040 - Table 2—Building setbacks for single-family residential zones1.

Lot AreaSetbacks based on average lot sizes (not zone specific)-2	Up to 4,999 sq. ft.	5,000 to <del>7,499<u>11,999</u> sq. ft.</del>	7,500 to 9,999 sq. ft.	10,000 to 11,999 sq. ft.	12,000 to 14,999 sq. ft.	15,000 to 19,999 sq. ft.	2015,000 or more sq. ft.
Minimum front yard (feet)	<del>15</del> -20	20	20	20	25	30	30
Minimum side yard and corner lot rear yard (feet)	5	5	5	5	10	15	15
Minimum side yard flanking a street (feet)	15	20	20	20	25	30	30
Minimum rear yard (feet)	20	25	25	25	30	35	35
Minimum lot frontage on a cul-de-sac or curve (feet)	25	30	30	30	35	40	40

### Note:

- 1. For additional density provisions, see CMC Sections 18:09:060 through 18:09:180.
- 21. Setbacks may be reduced to be consistent with average the lot sizes of the development in which it is located. Notwithstanding the setbacks requirements of this chapter, setbacks and/or building envelopes clearly established on an approved plat or development shall be applicable.
- 3. Maximum building height: three stories and a basement, not to exceed height listed.
- 4. For parcels with an existing dwelling, a one-time exception may be allowed to partition from the parent parcel a lot that exceeds the maximum lot size permitted in the underlying zone. Any further partitioning of the parent parcel or the oversized lot must comply with the lot size requirements of the underlying zone.
- 5. Average lot area is based on the square footage of all lots within the development or plat. The average lot size may vary from the stated standard by no more than five hundred square feet.
- 6. The maximum building lot coverage for single-story homes may be up to forty five percent in R-6 and R-7.5 zones, and forty percent in R-10 and R-12 zones. To qualify for increased lot coverage, a single-story home cannot include a basement or additional levels.

## 18.09.050 - Table 3-1 Density and dimensions for multifamily residential zones.

	MF-10	MF-18	MF-24	MF-C Overlay	
	De	nsity			
Maximum density (dwelling units per gross-net acre)	10	18	24	1824	
Minimum density (dwelling units per netgross acre)	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	
	Stand	ard lots			
Minimum lot area (square feet)	3,000	2,100	1,800	None	
Minimum lot width (feet)	<del>30</del> -36	20-26	20	<del>0</del> -None	
Minimum lot depth (feet)	70	60	60	<del>0</del> -None	
Maximum gross floor area (GFA) per dwelling unit (square feet)	No max	No max	No max	1,000 Note 4	
	Seth	oacks			
Minimum front yard/at garage front (feet)	15/ <u>20</u> <del>18</del>	10/ <u>20</u> 18	10/2018	0/2018	
Minimum side yard (feet)	3 Note 1	3 Note 1	3 Note 1	0 / If abutting R-zone than setback is 10'	
Minimum side yard, flanking a street (feet)	15	15	15	15	
Minimum rear yard	10	10	10	0 / If abutting R-zone than setback is 10'	
	Lot co	verage			
Maximum building lot coverage	55%	65%	75%	Building coverage is limited by a minimum of 200 sq. ft. of useable yard adjacent to each dwelling unit.	
		g height			
Maximum building height (feet)	35 Note 2	45- <u>50</u> Note 2- <u>5</u>	45 Note 2	18 Note 3	

### Table 3 Notes:

- 1. The non-attached side of a dwelling unit shall be three feet, otherwise a zero-lot line is assumed.
- Maximum building height: three stories and a basement but not to exceed height listed above.
- 3. Maximum building height: one story and a basement but not to exceed height listed-above.
- 4. Gross Floor Area (GFA) in this instance does not include covered porches or accessory structures as defined per CMC 18.17.040.
- Maximum four stories but not to exceed height listed.

## 18.09.140 - Front yard—Exception.

- A. Commercial and Industrial Districts. For a lot in a NC, CC, RC, LI or HI district proposed for commercial or industrial development, which is across a street from a residential (R) zone, the yard setback from the street shall be fifteen feet.
- B. Sloping Lot in any Zonezone. If the natural gradient of a lot from front to rear along the lot depth line exceeds an average of twenty percent, the front yard may be reduced by one foot for each two percent gradient over twenty percent. In no case under the provisions of this subsection shall the setback be less than ten feet. The front of a garage shall not be closer than 18 feet from the back of the sidewalk.

## Chapter 18.11 - PARKING

Sections:

## 18.11.020 - Design.

The design of off-street parking shall be as follows:

- A. Ingress and Egress. The location of all points of ingress and egress to parking areas shall be subject to the review and approval of the city.
- B. Backout Prohibited. In all commercial and industrial developments and in all residential buildings containing five or more dwelling units, parking areas shall be so arranged as to make it unnecessary for a vehicle to back out into any street or public right-of-way.
- C. Parking Spaces—Access and Dimensions. Adequate provisions shall be made for individual ingress and egress by vehicles to all parking stalls at all times by means of unobstructed maneuvering aisles. The city is directed to promulgate and enforce standards for maneuvering aisles and parking stall dimensions, and to make such standards available to the public.
  - 1. Off-street parking space dimensions shall be as follows or as otherwise approved by the director:
    - a. Standard spaces shall be a minimum of 9.0 feet in width;
    - b. Standard spaces shall be a minimum of 18.0 feet in length.
  - 2. Aisle width dimensions shall be as follows or as otherwise approved by the director:
    - a. One-way aisle width shall be 15 feet
    - b. Two-way aisle width shall be 24 feet
- D. Small Car Parking Spaces. A maximum of thirty percent of the total required parking spaces may be reduced in size for the use of small cars, provided these spaces shall be clearly identified with a sign permanently affixed immediately in front of each space containing the notation "compacts only." Spaces designed for small cars may be reduced in size to a minimum of eight feet in width and fifteen feet in length. Where feasible, all small car spaces shall be located in one or more contiguous areas and/or adjacent to ingress/egress points within parking facilities. Location of compact car parking spaces shall not create traffic congestion or impede traffic flows.

## Chapter 18.13 - LANDSCAPING

Sections:

## 18.13.010 - Purpose.

The purpose of this chapter is to establish minimum standards for landscaping in order to provide screening between incompatible land uses, minimize the visual impact of parking areas, provide for shade, minimize erosion, and to implement the comprehensive plan goal of preserving natural beauty in the city.

## 18.13.020 - Scope.

Landscaping standards shall apply to all new multifamily, commercial, industrial, <u>and</u>-governmental uses, including change of use, and parking lots ef-with greater than four spaces, and any development that is subject to Design Review (Refer to Chapter 18.19 Design Review) or more. For conditional uses permitted in residential and multifamily districts, such as churches, schools, civic organizations, etc., the standards for landscaping will be the same as the landscaping standards in community commercial zones.

## 18.13.030 - Expansion.

In a case where a site expands, landscaping shall be provided only for the percentage of expansion.

### 18.13.040 - Procedure.

Detailed plans for landscaping shall be submitted with plans for building and site improvements. Included in the plans shall be type and location of plants and materials.

## 18.13.050 - Landscaping standards.

- A. The property owner shall be responsible for any future damage to a street, curb, or sidewalk caused by landscaping.
- B. Landscaping shall be selected and located to deter sound, filter air contaminants, curtail erosion, minimize stormwater run-off, contribute to living privacy, reduce the visual impacts of large buildings and paved areas, screen, and emphasize or separate outdoor spaces of different uses or character. The required landscaping must be a combination of trees, shrubs, and ground cover to achieve these purposes.
- C. Plants that minimize upkeep and maintenance shall be selected.
- D. Plants shall complement or supplement surrounding natural vegetation.
- E. Plants chosen shall be in scale with building development.
- FC. Minimum landscaping as a percent of gross site area shall be as follows:

Zone	Percent of Landscaping Required
HI	20%
RC, LI	15%
CC	<del>10</del> 15%
IVIX	<del>10</del> 15%
NC, MF	510% on lots less than 10,000 square feet; 1015% on lots greater than 10,000 square feet
BP	(see Section 18.37.040 "Landscaping standards")
LI/BP	(see Section 18.21.070 "Landscaping standards")
Parking lots	(see Section 18.13.060 of this chapter)

- GD. Deciduous trees shall have straight trunks, be fully branched, have a minimum caliper of one and one-halftwo inches, be equivalent to a fifteen-gallon container size, and be adequately staked for planting.
- HE. Evergreen trees shall be a minimum of five feet in height, fully branched, and adequately staked for planting.
- +F Shrubs shall be a minimum of five-gallon pot size. Upright shrubs shall have a minimum height at planting of eighteen inches. Spreading shrubs at planting shall have a minimum width of eighteen inches (smaller shrub sizes may be approved where it is more appropriate within a particular landscape plan).
- 4.6 Ground cover, defined as living material and not including bark chips or other mulch, shall at planting, have a maximum spacing of twelve inches on center for flats, and a maximum twenty-four inches on center between mature plants from containers of one gallon or larger.
- KH. Appropriate measures shall be taken, e.g., installations of watering irrigation systems, to assure landscaping success. If plantings fail to survive, it is the responsibility of the property owner to replace them.
- L. Trees shall not be planted closer than twenty-five feet from the curb line of the intersections of streets or alleys, and not closer than ten feet from private driveways (measured at the back edge of the sidewalk), fire hydrants, or utility poles.
- M. Street trees shall not be planted closer than twenty feet to light standards. Except for public safety, no new light standard location should be positioned closer than ten feet to any existing street tree, and preferably such locations will be at least twenty feet distant.
- N. Trees shall not be planted closer than two and one-half feet from the face of the curb except at intersections, where it should be five feet from the curb in a curb return area.
- Where there are overhead power lines, tree species that will not interfere with those lines shall be chosen.

- P. Trees shall not be planted within two feet of any permanent hard surface paving or walkway. Sidewalk cuts in concrete for trees shall be at least four feet by four feet; however, larger cuts are encouraged because they allow additional area and water into the root system and add to the health of the tree. Space between the tree and such hard surface may be covered by permeable nonpermanent hard surfaces such as grates, bricks on sand, paved blocks, cobblestones, or ground cover.
- QI. Required Ttrees, as they grow, shall be pruned to their natural form toin accordance with the International Society of Arboriculture. The pruned tree will provide at least eight feet of clearance above sidewalks and twelve feet above street roadway surfaces.
- RJ. Existing trees may be used as street trees if there will be no damage from the development which will kill or weaken the tree. Sidewalks of variable width and elevation may be utilized to save existing street trees, subject to approval by the city.
- SK. Vision clearance hazards shall be avoided prohibited.
- L. Street trees and other required landscaping which dies or is removed, must be replaced within one year of death or removal. Replacement street trees may be an alternative species from the city's recommended tree list, and may be in a different location as approved by the city.

## 18.13.055 - Landscape buffering standards.

A. Landscape buffers shall be in compliance with the below referenced table:

### Table 1- Landscape Buffers

Abutting zone <b>3</b>	Resid	dential	Comr	Commercial		Business Park		ıstrial
Uses on Site <b>U</b>	Not Separated by a Street	Separated by a Street	Not Separated by a Street	Separated by a Street	Not Separated by a Street	Separated by a Street	Not Separated by a Street	Separated by a Street
Multifamily Residential	5′ L1	5′ L1	10′ L3	10′ L2	10′ L2	10′ L2	10' L2 w/F2 Fence	10′ L3
Commercial	10' L3	5' L2	5' L1	5' L2	5' L2	5' L2	10' L3	10' L2
Industrial	10' L2 w/F2 Fence	L2	L3	L2	10′ L3	L2	5′ L2	5′ L1

### B. Landscaping and Screening Design Standards.

### 1. L1, General Landscaping.

- a. Intent. The L1 standard is intended to be used where distance is the principal means of separating uses or development, and landscaping enhances the area between them. The L1 standard consists principally of groundcover plants; trees and high and low shrubs also are required.
- b. Required Materials. There are two ways to provide trees and shrubs to comply with an L1 standard. Shrubs and trees may be grouped. Groundcover plants, grass lawn, or approved flowers must fully cover the landscaped area not in shrubs and trees.

### 2. L2, Low Screen.

- a. The standard is applied where a low level of screening sufficiently reduces the impact of a use or development, or where visibility between areas is more important than a greater visual screen.
- b. Required Materials. The L2 standard requires enough low shrubs to form a continuous screen three feet high and ninety-five percent opaque year-round. In addition, one tree is required per thirty lineal feet of landscaped area, or as appropriate to provide a tree canopy over the landscaped area. Groundcover plants must fully cover the remainder of the landscaped area. A three-foot high masonry wall or fence at an F2 standard may be substituted for shrubs, but the trees and groundcover plants are still required.

### 3. L3. High Screen.

- a. The L3 standard provides physical and visual separation between uses or development principally using screening. It is used where such separation is warranted by a proposed development, notwithstanding loss of direct views.
- b. Required Materials. The L3 standard requires enough high shrubs to form a screen six feet high and ninety-five percent opaque year-round. In addition, one tree is required per thirty lineal feet of landscaped area, or as appropriate to provide a tree canopy over the landscaped area. Groundcover plants must fully cover the remainder of the landscaped area. A six-foot high wall or fence that complies with an F1 or F2 standard may be substituted for shrubs, but the trees and groundcover plants are still required. When applied along street lot lines, the screen or wall is to be placed along the interior side of the landscaped area.

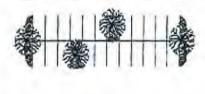
### Fences.

- a. F1, Partially Sight-Obscuring Fence.
  - i. Intent. The F1 fence standard provides partial visual separation. The standard is applied where a proposed use or development has little impact, or where visibility between areas is more important than a total visual screen.
  - ii. Required Materials. A fence or wall that complies with the F1 standard shall be six feet high, and at least fifty percent sight-obscuring. Fences may be made of wood, metal, bricks, masonry, or other permanent materials.
- b. F2, Fully Sight-Obscuring Fence.
  - i. Intent. The F2 fence standard provides visual separation where complete screening is needed to protect abutting uses, and landscaping alone cannot provide that separation.
  - ii. Required Materials. A fence or wall that complies with the F2 standard shall be six feet high, and one hundred percent sight obscuring. Fences may be made of wood, metal, bricks, masonry or other permanent materials.
- 5. The applicant may provide landscaping and screening that exceeds the standards in this chapter provided:
  - a. A fence or wall (or a combination of a berm and fence or wall), may not exceed a height of six feet above the finished grade at the base of the fence or wall (or at the base of a berm, if combined with one), unless the approval authority finds additional height is necessary to mitigate potential adverse effects of the proposed use, or other uses in the vicinity; and landscaping and screening shall not create vision clearance hazards.
  - b. The Community Development Director may approve use of existing vegetation to fulfill landscaping and screening requirements of this chapter, if that existing landscaping provides at least an equivalent level of screening as the standard required for the development in question.
  - c. Required landscaping and screening shall be located on the perimeter of a lot or parcel. Required landscaping and screening shall not be located on a public right-of-way or private street easement.

## 18.13.060 - Parking areas.

- Parking areas are to be landscaped at all perimeters.
- B. All parking areas shall provide interior landscaping for shade and visual relief.

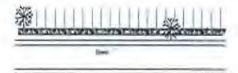
C. Parking lots shall have a minimum ratio of one tree per six double-loaded stalls or one tree per three single-loaded stalls (See Figure 18.13-1).





### Figure 18.13-1 Parking Lot Planting Islands

- D. Planter strips (medians) and tree wells shall be used within parking areas and around the perimeter to accommodate trees, shrubs and groundcover.
- E. Planter areas shall provide a five-foot minimum width of clear planting space.
- F. Wheel stops should be used adjacent to tree wells and planter areas to protect landscaping from car overhangs.
- G. Curbed planting areas shall be provided at the end of each parking aisle to protect parked vehicles.
- H. No more than fifteen parking spaces shall be located in a row without a landscaped divider strip (See Figure 18.13-2).



### Figure 18.13-2 Parking Lot Landscape Divider Strip

### 18.13.070 - Assurance device.

In appropriate circumstances, the city may require a reasonable performance of maintenance assurance device, in a form acceptable to the finance department, to assure compliance with the provisions of this chapter and the approved landscaping plan.

## Chapter 18.17 - SUPPLEMENTAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

## 18.17.050 - Fences and walls.

- A. Purpose. The purpose of this section is to provide minimum regulations for fences and masonry walls, with the desired objectives of privacy and security for residents, and safety for motorists and pedestrians using the streets and sidewalks.
- B. Permits. If a fence or wall is over six feet high then a building permit will be required, and the fencing/wall must meet required setbacks.
- BC. Heights and Location.
  - 1. Fences/walls not more than six feet in height may be maintained along the side yard or rear lot lines fully within the property; provided, that such wall or fence does not extend into the front yard area. The height of the fence/wall shall be measured from the finished grade.

4.2. A fence/wall shall not exceed 42 inches high in the front yard. The front yard area is the distance between the front property line and the nearest point of the building specified in the zone districts under this title. See Figure 18.17.050-1.



### Figure 18.17.050-1 Fence Heights

- C. A fence shall not exceed three and one-half feet (forty-two inches) in height in the front yard.
- D. Access. No fence/wall shall be constructed so as to:
  - 1. (1) block Block or restrict vehicular access to a dedicated alley, access or way, or
  - (2) create Create a traffic hazard by impairing or obstructing vision clearance from any driveway, alley, or access.
  - 1. Fences over three and one half feet shall not be placed in the vision clearance area on corner lots.
- E. Prohibited Materials. Fiberglass sheeting, barbed wire, razor ribbon or other similar temporary material shall not be permitted as a fencing or wall material, unless otherwise allowed in commercial and industrial zones.
- F. Temporary Fences. Vacant property and property under construction may be fenced with a maximum six-foot high, nonview-obscuring fence.
- G. Measurement of Fence and Wall Height. The height of a fence or wall shall be measured at the highest average ground level within three feet of either side of such wall or fence. In order to allow for variation in topography, the height of a required fence or wall may vary an amount not to exceed six inches; provided, however, that in no event shall the average height of such wall or fence exceed the maximum height permitted for that location.
- #G. Agriculture/Ranching (A/R) Exception. Barbed wire and electric fences shall be permitted on land classified A/R. All electric fences in such instances shall be clearly identified. Maintenance, repair and replacement of existing fences shall be governed by state law.
- 4-H Security fencing may be permitted with the following limitations:
  - The security fencing shall consist of not more than four strands of barbed wire located on the top of a six-foot high fence; and
  - The security fencing shall be associated with a commercial or industrial development.

## 18.17.060 - Retaining walls.

- A. Permits required. Building permits are required for retaining walls over 4'-0" in height, and for retaining walls that support additional weight (e.g. steep slopes, buildings, parking areas). Retaining walls are measured from the bottom of the footing to the top of the wall.
- B. Drainage required behind retaining wall to relieve build-up of water pressure.

- C. Exterior Facing Retaining Walls are those walls that are supporting fill. The exposed side is facing the neighboring property or right-of-way and the fill side is within the subject property. (Refer to Figure 18.17.060 1 Exterior Facing Retaining Walls).
  - a. When fence is atop the retaining wall, then the total height of wall and fence shall not exceed 42" (front yard) or 6'-0" (side and rear yards), or setback a distance of one foot for every foot in height of fence in excess of allowed height.
  - b. When retaining wall is over 30" above grade, then guards are required if on the property line.
  - c. Retaining walls over 6'-0" in height will be subject to Design Review approval.

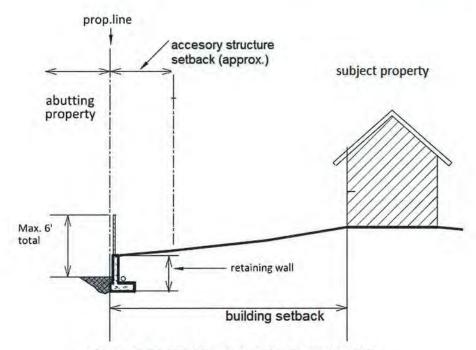


Figure 18.17.060-1 Exterior Facing Retaining Wall

- D. Interior Facing Retaining Walls are those walls that are supporting cuts. The fill side of the retaining wall is facing the neighboring property and the exposed side is facing the subject property. (Refer to Figure 18.17.060 2 Interior Facing Retaining Walls)
  - a. When fence is atop the retaining wall, then the total height of fence shall not exceed 42" (front) or 6'-0" (side and rear) depending on location, unless fence meets setbacks.
  - b. When retaining wall is over 30" above grade, then guards are required if on the property line.

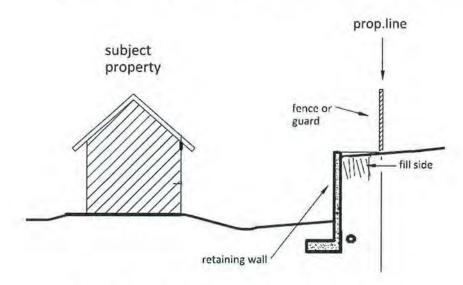


Figure 18.17.060-2 Interior Facing Retaining Wall

A.Where a retaining wall protects a cut below the natural grade and is located within a required yard, such retaining wall may be topped by a fence or wall of the same height that would otherwise be permitted at that location if no retaining wall existed. See Figure 18.17.060-1(A) Retaining Walls.



### Figure 18.17.060-1 Retaining Walls

- B. Where a retaining wall contains a fill above the natural grade, and is located within a required yard, the height of the retaining wall shall be considered as contributing to the permissible height of a fence or wall at that location. A nonsight obscuring fence up to three and one-half feet in height may be erected at the top of the retaining wall for safety. See Figure 18.17.060-1(B) Retaining Walls.
- C. Where a wall or fence is located in a required yard adjacent to a retaining wall containing a fill, such wall shall be setback a distance of one foot for each one foot in height of such wall or fence. The area between the wall or fence and the retaining wall shall be landscaped and continuously maintained. See Figure 18.17.060-1(C) Retaining Walls.

## 18.26.090 - Development bonuses.

B. Residential development:

1. May increase density of residential development in accordance with the Density Transfer Standards of CMC Section 18.09.03-040 (Table 2) of the underlying zone, or, if a multifamily zone, then standards may reflect those of the MF-24-18 attached zone of CMC Section 18.09.050(Table 3), if landscaping is not sacrificed.

# Chapter 18.51 - COMPREHENSIVE PLAN <u>AND ZONING</u> AMENDMENTS Sections:

## 18.51.010 - Application and criteria thereinfor amendments to comprehensive plan.

Any interested person, including applicants, citizens, planning commission, city council, city staff, and other agencies, may submit an application in the month of January each year for a comprehensive plan amendment. The application shall specify:

A. A detailed statement of what is proposed and why;

B. A statement of the anticipated impacts of the change, including the geographic area affected, and issues presented by the proposed change;

C. An explanation of why the current comprehensive plan is deficient or should not continue in effect;

- D. A statement of how the proposed amendment complies with and promotes the goals and specific requirements of the growth management act;
- E. A statement of what changes, if any, would be required in functional plans (i.e., the city's water, sewer, stormwater or shoreline plans) if the proposed amendment is adopted;
- F. A statement of what capital improvements, if any, would be needed to support the proposed change which will affect the capital facilities plans of the city:
- G. A statement of what other changes, if any, are required in other city or county codes, plans, or regulations to implement the proposed change; and
- H. The application shall include an environmental checklist in accordance with the State Environment Policy Act (SEPA).

## 18.51.020 - Application review process for comprehensive plan.

The comprehensive plan shall be reviewed once a year as a Type IV legislative process, and in accordance with RCW 35A.63.070—073, unless there is an emergency, with the following procedure:

- A. In the months of November and December, city staff and applicants shall complete preapplication meetings;
- B. In the month of January of each year, applicants shall submit an application form containing all of the information required by Section 18.51.010 of this chapter;
- C. The city may take as much as sixty days from the closing of the application period (January thirty-first) to complete the initial review of proposals. Environmental determination requirements associated with an application may lengthen this period. In the months of February and March of each year, the city shall review all proposed changes (including any changes initiated by the city). If no amendments are received, the chairman of the planning commission shall so report to the mayor and city council, and the annual review of the comprehensive plan shall be considered completed. The city may take as much as sixty days from the closing of the application period (January thirty-first) to complete the initial review of proposals. Environmental determination requirements associated with an application may lengthen this period.

## 18.51.025 - Zoning code map and text and map amendments.

A. Amendments to the zoning code text or other development regulations shall follow procedures for a Type IV decisionlegislative process per CMC 18.55.030.G, which may be adopted by the city council at any time after public notice and hearings, and planning commission consideration and recommendations as provided by law, except as provided in this chapter with respect to the official zoning map.

- B. Requests for zoning map amendments shall follow procedures for a Type III decision, and include the following information with an application per CMC 18.55.030.C:
  - 1. An application form indicating the applicant(s), application date, property information (including address, size, zoning, and current use), specific map amendment request, and other pertinent information.
    - Narrative that addresses the following criteria:
      - a. The map amendment shall be consistent with the policies and provisions of the comprehensive plan including the comprehensive plan map;
      - b. The amendment shall be compatible with the uses and zoning of the adjacent properties and surrounding areas;
      - c. The amendment is warranted due to changed circumstances, error, or because of a demonstrated need for additional property in the proposed zoning district;
      - d. The subject property is suitable for development in conformance with zoning standards under the proposed zoning district;
      - e. Adequate public facilities and services are likely to be available to serve the development allowed by the proposed zone;
      - f. Specific information about the intended use and development of the property.

## 18.51.030 - Staff report Evaluation Criteria.

For consideration forof any proposed amendment to either the comprehensive plan, zoning code text—or, or development regulations. The planning department shall prepare and submit to the planning commission a staff report which addresses evaluates the following:

- A. The issues set forth in this chapter;
- BA. Impact upon the City of Camas comprehensive plan and zoning code;
- CB. Impact upon surrounding properties, if applicable;
- DC. Alternatives to the proposed amendment; and
- ED. Appropriate Relevant code citations and other adopted relevant documents that may be affected by the proposed change.
- F. The SEPA checklist and determination.

The report shall include a copy of the application for each proposed amendment, any written comments on the proposals received by the department, and shall contain the department's recommendation on adoption, rejection or deferral of each proposed change; and the SEPA checklist with the determination.

## 18.51.040 - Notification and hearing.

Upon consideration of any amendment, modification, or alteration to the comprehensive plan or zoning code, the planning commission shall hold at least one public hearing on the proposed amendment. Any person can submit written comment to the department prior to the public hearing, and/or present oral testimony at the public hearing. Notice of the time, place, and purpose of such public hearing shall be published in the official newspaper of the city in accordance with CMC Section 18.55.320 Type IV Legislative hearing process. The hearing may be continued from time to time at the discretion of the planning commission, but no additional notices need be published.

### 18.51.050 - Council consideration and decision.

Subsequent to planning commission review and recommendation, the city council shall consider each request for an amendment to the comprehensive plan or zoning code at a public meeting, at which time the applicant will be allowed to make a presentation. Any person submitting a written comment on the proposed change shall also be allowed an opportunity to make a responsive oral presentation. Such opportunities for oral presentation shall be subject to reasonable time limitations established by the council.

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- A. At minimum, the criteria the city council shall use to make a decision on a proposed amendment are as follows:
  - 1. The application and criteria established therein;
  - 2. The staff report and recommendation;
  - 3. The planning commission recommendation;
  - 4. The public interest.
- B. The city council shall make a decision by motion, resolution, or ordinance as appropriate. The city council decision on a planning commission recommendation following a public hearing shall include one of the following actions:
  - 1. Approve as recommended;
  - 2. Approve with additional conditions;
  - 3. Modify, with or without the applicant's concurrence;
  - 4. Deny (resubmittal is not allowed until the next year for comprehensive plan amendments);
  - 5. Remand the proposal back to the planning commission for further proceedings.