

Expanded Comprehensive Plan Checklist

A Technical Assistance Tool From Growth Management Services – update: July 2014

Instructions:	Checklist Topics:	
This checklist is intended to help jurisdictions update their	Land Use	1
comprehensive plan, as required by RCW 36.70A.130(4 & 5). We	Housing	6
encourage but do not require jurisdictions to complete the checklist	Capital Facilities	7
and return it to Growth Management Services (GMS). This checklist	Utilities	10
is for local governments fully planning under the Growth	Rural	10
Management Act (GMA), not for those planning for resource lands	Transportation	11
and critical areas only. For general information on update	Economic Development	14
requirements, refer to Keeping your Comprehensive Plan and	Park and Recreation	15
Development Regulations Current: A Guide to the Periodic Update	Shoreline	16
Process under the Growth Management Act and WAC 365-196-610.	Essential Public Facilities	16
	Optional Elements	17
Bold items are a GMA requirement. Other items may be	Consistency	17
requirements of other state or federal laws, best practices, or ideas	Public Participation	17
to consider. Highlighted items are links to Internet sites. Dates are		
included for recent additions or amendments to the GMA. If you		
have questions, call GMS at (360) 725-3066.		

		Page #	Update action if needed
э.	The element integrates relevant county-wide planning policies into the local planning process, and ensures local goals and policies are consistent. For jurisdictions in the Central Puget Sound region, the plan is consistent with applicable multicounty planning policies. WAC 365-196-305	<u>x - Consistency with countywide</u> <u>planning policies</u> □ Consistency with multicounty planning policies, where applicable	County plan has not been adopted. However Camas is consistent with anticipated plan update.

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b.	The element includes a future land use map (or maps). Maps fulfill the requirement to show the general distribution of land, where appropriate, for agriculture, timber production, housing, commerce, industry, recreation, open spaces, general aviation airports, public utilities, public facilities, and other land uses. RCW 36.70A.070(1) and WAC 365-196-400(2)(d) The future land use map shows city limits and urban growth area (UGA) boundaries. RCW 36.70A.110(6), RCW 36.70A.130,	<u>X -Land use map</u> A draft Camas Comprehensive Plan map, Camas Zoning map, and Transportation Comprehensive Plan map is included with this update.	
C.	WAC 365-196-310 and WAC 365-196-405(2)(i)(ii). The Land Use Element includes population densities, building intensities, and estimates of future population growth. RCW 36.70A.070(1) WAC 365-196-405(2)(i) suggests including a table with the range of dwelling units per acre allowed in each land use designation and implementing zone as a projection of existing and projected development capacity.	✓ Population projection uses latest forecast Page 1-2 Section 1.3.1 2035 Population Projections	
	The plan should also indicate the population for which it is planning, which should be consistent with the Washington Office of Financial Management's forecast for the county or the county's sub-county allocation of that forecast, and should be the same for all comprehensive plan elements, and is. If OFM population projection is not used, the plan includes the rationale for using another figure. RCW 43.62.035 and WAC 365-196-405(f)		
	Counties should indicate the percentage of county-wide population growth allocated for urban growth areas. This allocation should be consistent with GMA goals of encouraging urban growth in urban areas, reducing sprawl, and ensuring public facilities and services are efficiently provided. WAC 365- 196-405 (f)		

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d.		nsities and urban growth areas (UGAs) have been RCW 36.70A.130(3)(a), (5), and (6) and WAC 365-	☑ <u>UGA review</u> (required every 8 years)	
	By definiti and town, by a count year upda 310(2) for Supportin growth fo and perce uses (cour UGAs, abi	ion, urban growth areas all incorporated lands in cities and unincorporated urban growth areas designated ty. A review should be completed as part of the 8- te under RCW 36.70A.130. Review WAC 365-196- suggestions on evaluating and designating UGAs. g information should include: selected population recast scenario RCW 43.62.035; population allocation ntage of land devoted to urban, rural, and resource nties) RCW 36.70A.070(1); land capacity analysis for lity to provide urban services. RCW 36.70A.110, d WAC 365-196-310.	The city annexed urban growth areas on the southwestern edge of the city. The draft maps include the new city limits.	
	developm jurisdictio (incorpora services. (FCC), par reserved f expansion	uld be a coordinated approach to planning for ent in urban growth areas, especially among adjacent ns. WAC 365-196-330 Urban growth areas ated or not) must plan for urban densities and urban If a county designates a fully contained community t of the county's population allocation should be for the FCC. RCW 36.70A.350(2) If a potential UGA area is within the 100-year flood plain of major Vashington rivers, consider RCW 36.70A.110(8).		
e.	appropria RCW 36.7	able lands analysis shows measures needed to ensure te densities, such measures have been adopted. 0A.215 and WAC 365-196-315 The <i>Buildable Lands</i> <i>Guidelines</i> includes a list of measures.	 □ Reasonable measures adopted if needed The buildable lands analysis at Section 1.3.1 (page 1-2) finds that no changes are necessary to meet projected population. 	
	(i)	The element considers planning approaches that increase physical activity, such as neighborhood commercial nodes to allow walking and cycling to local services, transit- or pedestrian-oriented development, linear parks and trail networks, and siting schools and other public facilities within neighborhoods to allow easy walking RCW 36.70A.070(1) and WAC 365-196-405 (2)(j)	 ✓ Planning for physical activity Page 1-3 discusses a proposed Gateway & Corridor Overlay which includes design elements to accommodate and encourage biking, walking and transit. Other policies that support physical activity include: Page 1-4 Policy LU-1.4 	

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		Page 1-5 Policy LU-3.2 and LU-3.3 Page 1-6 Policies LU-3.5, LU-4.3,
		LU-5.1
		Goals LU-4 and LU-5
f.	Lands useful for public purposes such as utility corridors, transportation corridors, landfills, sewage treatment facilities, stormwater management facilities, recreation, schools, and other public uses are identified. RCW 36.70A.150	✓ Public use lands Overview of public facilities is on page 5-1
	RCW 36.70A.150 requires that a prioritized list of acquisitions	☑ <u>List of acquisitions</u>
	be developed. [The list need not be part of the comprehensive plan.] RCW 36.70A.150 and WAC 365-196-340	Capital Improvement Plan, Project List, Appendix D
g.	Open space corridors within and between urban growth areas,	☑ Open space corridors
0	including lands useful for recreation, wildlife habitat, trails,	The Park, Recreation and Open
	and connection of critical areas are identified. RCW 36.70A.160 and WAC 365-196-335	Space Comprehensive Plan was updated in 2014 and includes maps of open space areas, trails, and parks—existing and planned.
		Critical areas are located using the Clark County GIS system that is updated periodically. With the exception of wetland areas. The city updated its Wetland Map using permit data within the city limits.
h.	If an airport is within or adjacent to the jurisdiction, the plan	☑ No incompatible uses near
	includes policies, land use designations, and zoning to	airports
	discourage the siting of incompatible uses adjacent to general aviation airports. RCW 36.70.547 and WAC 365-196-455	An Airport Overlay is included with the Camas Zoning Map
	See www.wsdot.wa.gov/aviation/Planning/default for guidance.	update.
	Any planning adjacent to or within the "imaginary surface"	✓ WSDOT notified
	areas of general aviation airports must consult with the Aviation Division of WSDOT.	WSDOT confirmed that the city complied with the formal
		consultation requirements of
		RCW 36.70.547 and 36.70A.510
		on March 2, 2016.

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 i. If a U.S. Department of Defense (DoD) military base employi 100 or more personnel is within or adjacent to the jurisdiction the plan must include policies, land use designations, and consistent zoning to discourage the siting of incompatible u adjacent to military base. RCW 36.70A.530(3) and WAC 365 196-475 See Map of U.S. bases to help make determination of applicability. If applicable, inform the commander of the base regarding amendments to the comprehensive plan and development regulations on lands adjacent to the base. 	on, DoD bases Not applicable, as there aren't any military bases in the vicinity. □ Base commander notified
 j. Where applicable, the Land Use Element includes a review drainage, flooding, and stormwater run-off in the area and nearby jurisdictions and provides guidance for corrective actions to mitigate or cleanse those discharges that pollute waters of the state. RCW 36.70A.70(1); WAC 365-196-405(2 RCW 90.56.010(26) defines waters of the state. Jurisdictions subject to U.S. Environmental Protection Agence (EPA) National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDE Phase 1 and Phase 2, should comply with all permit requirements. All local governments are also encouraged to: Adopt the State Department of Ecology's Stormwater Manual for Eastern or Western Washington or the equivalent. Incorporate relevant land-use recommendations from adopted local watershed plans. <i>www.ecy.wa.gov/watershed/index.html.</i> Adopt a clearing and grading ordinance if not already existing (See Technical Guidance Document for Clearing of Grading in Western Washington). 	 City standards are addressed within Camas Municipal Code: Chapter 14.02 Stormwater Control Chapter 14.04 – Illicit Discharges, Dumping and Illicit connections

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 k. Critical areas are designated RCW 36.70A.170 and WAC 365-190-080 Best available science (BAS) is used to protect the functions and values of critical areas, and give "special consideration" to conservation or protection measures necessary to preserve or enhance anadromous fisheries. RCW 36.70A.172 and WAC 365-195-900 through 925 Plan policies should address the five critical areas listed in RCW 36.70A.030(5) (a) wetlands; (b) areas with a critical recharging effect on aquifers used for potable water; (c) fish and wildlife habitat conservation areas; (d) frequently flooded areas; and (e) geologically hazardous areas. See Critical Areas Assistance Handbook(2007) and Small Communities Critical Areas Ordinance Implementation Guidebook (2007). Follow the process in WAC 365-195-915 to document decisions. Endangered Species: If there are anadromous fisheries, or if the jurisdiction affected by an Endangered Species Act (ESA) 4(d) rule, the comprehensive plan should contain policies guiding decisions which may impact listed species. Special consideration may include: Revisions to zoning to protect habitat Revisions to the location of planned capital facilities Revisions to the location of planned capital facilities 	 BAS used to designate and protect critical areas Critical areas are identified on city maps, Clark County GIS, and regulations are within Camas Municipal Code, Title 16 Environment Habitat and endangered species are addressed within Chapter 16.61 - FISH AND WILDLIFE HABITAT CONSERVATION AREAS 	City must update Title 16 of the municipal code after adoption of the Plan to reflect new maps.
 Revisions to stormwater regulations or clearing and grading ordinances Establishment or maintenance of monitoring programs to ensure that habitat is being maintained, See WAC 365-195-920. 		
 k. Critical Aquifer Recharge Areas:(Required if jurisdictions draw groundwater for potable water or need to manage threats to exempt wells.): WAC 365-190-100 The plan protects the quality and quantity of ground water used for public water supplies. RCW 36.70A.070(1) See Ecology's guidance on <i>Critical Aquifer Recharge Areas</i> (CARAs) For water quality, policies and implementing regulations should regulate hazardous uses in critical aquifer recharge areas (CARAs) and protect wellhead areas. See Ecology's Groundwater Quality Information For water quantity, policies and implementing regulations should limit impervious surfaces, encourage water 	☑ CARAs protect water quality and quantity Camas Municipal Code, Chapter 16.55 Critical Aquifer Recharge Areas provides required protections.	

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	conservation measures, and consider Water Resource Inventory Assessment (WRIA) plans. See Ecology's Stormwater Programs for more information.		
1.	Natural Resource Lands (NRLs) designated and conserved: RCW 36.70A.170 RCW 36.70A.060 NRLs include forest, agricultural, and mineral resource lands. See process to classify and designate at WAC 365-190-040. If forest or agricultural lands of long-term commercial significance are designated inside UGAs, they must be subject to transfer and/or purchase of development rights (TDR, or PDR). RCW 36.70A.060(4)	 TDR or PDR program for forest or agricultural lands inside UGAs The city does not have designated forest or agricultural lands. 	
m.	Designate and Conserve Forest Resource Land: RCW 36.70A.170 RCW 36.70A.060 Forest land is defined at RCW 36.70A.030(8). Review WAC 365-190-060 for recommendations on forest lands.	 Forest lands designated The city does not have forest lands. 	
n.	Designate and conserve agricultural resource lands (ARLs): RCW 36.70A.170 and RCW 36.70A.060 ARLS are defined at RCW 36.70A.030(2). See WAC 365-190-050 for recommendations to designate, and WAC 365-196-815 to protect agricultural lands. Land use and policies should discourage incompatible uses around natural resource areas. RCW 36.70A.177(3) includes innovative techniques to conserve agricultural land and permitted accessory uses.	 Agricultural lands designated The city does not have designated agricultural lands. Limit accessory uses on agricultural lands Not applicable 	
0.	Designate mineral resource lands: RCW 36.70A.131 requires consideration of new information including data available from the Department of Natural Resources relating to mineral resource deposits when reviewing mineral resource land designations. Minerals defined in RCW 36.70A.030(11) to include sand, gravel and valuable metallic substances. See WAC 365-190-070 for guidance on	Review mineral resource lands None exist within city limits	

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designation.		
p. Development outside UGAs: If applicable, development planned outside UGAs must be consistent with the following:	If applicable, development outside UGA consistent with RCW	
Major industrial development: RCW 36.70A.365 and WAC 365-196-435	Does not apply to this city.	
Master planned development: RCW 36.70A.367 and WAC 365-196-470		
Master planned resorts RCW 36.70A.360, RCW 36.70A.362, and WAC 365-196-460		

2. The **Housing Element** is intended to ensure the vitality and character of established residential neighborhoods, encourage the availability of affordable housing to all economic segments of the population, promote a variety of residential densities and housing types, and encourage preservation of existing housing stock. It should be consistent with relevant CWPPs, RCW 36.70A.070(2), and should consider WAC 365-196-410.

Include an inventory of existing housing units and an analysis the number (and type) of housing units necessary to provide for	☑ Inventory of existing housing and projected
projected growth over the planning period. RCW 36.70A.070(2)(a)	housing needs using latest
and WAC 365-196-410(2)(b) and (c) and Commerce's Assessing Your Housing Needs (1993, Updated by March 2013)	population projection
	Page 2-1
Include goals, policies, and objectives for the preservation,	☑ Goals, policies for housing
improvement, and development of housing. RCW 36.70A.070(2)(b)	
and WAC 365-196-410(2)(a).	Citywide housing goals and
	policies begin on page 2-3
	and continues to page 2-5
Identify sufficient land for housing, including but not limited to,	
government-assisted housing, housing for low-income families,	☑Identify sufficient land for
manufactured housing, multifamily housing, group homes, and foster	housing
care facilities. RCW 36.70A.070(2)(c)	The city code at Chapter
	18.07 Use Authorizations,

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	allows all these housing types in residential zones. Residential zoning is identified on the Camas Zoning Map.	
Provisions for existing and projected housing needs of all economic segments of the community. RCW 36.70A.070(2)(d) Affordable housing is defined as when the total housing costs, including basic utilities, does not exceed 30 percent of the income limit (for renters, 50 percent or less of the county median family income, adjusted for family-size, and for owners, 80 percent or less of the county median family income, adjusted for family-size, and for owners, 80 percent or less of the county median family income, adjusted for family-size for owners). WAC 365-196-410(e)(i)(C) (I-V)	 ✓ Affordable housing planned Section 2.3.2 (page 2-2) provides an analysis of affordable housing needs and provides an evaluation of future needs. 	
WAC 365-196-410(2)(e)(iii) recommends an evaluation of the extent to which the existing and projected market can provide housing at various costs and for various income levels, and an estimation of the present and future populations that would require assistance to obtain housing they can afford. This section should also identify existing programs and policies to promote adequate affordable housing and evaluate their effectiveness.	Section 2.4.2 provides Affordable Housing goals and policies (page 2-4).	
<i>If</i> enacting or expanding affordable housing programs under RCW 36.70A.540, the plan should identify certain land use designations where increased residential development will assist in achieving local growth management and housing policies. Examples include: density bonuses within urban growth areas, height and bulk bonuses, fee waivers or exemptions, parking reductions, expedited permitting conditioned on provision of low-income housing units, or mixed use projects.		

3. The **Capital Facilities Plan (CFP) Element** must be consistent with county-wide planning policies and RCW 36.70A.070(3), should consider WAC 365-196-415, and should serve as a check on the practicality of achieving other elements of the plan. This element should cover all the capital facilities planned, provided, and paid for by public entities including to local government and special districts, etc. This should include water systems, sanitary sewer systems, storm water facilities, schools, parks and recreational facilities, police and fire protection facilities. Capital expenditures from park and recreation elements, if separate, should be included in the capital facilities plan element. For additional information see *Making Your Comprehensive Plan a Reality: A Capital Facilities Preparation Guide Washington Department of Community Trade and Economic Development (CTED), 1993.*

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Goals and policies relating to investment in capital facilities, levels of service and regulatory strategies for concurrency to guide decisions. RCW 36.70A.120 and WAC 365-196-415		
Inventory showing the locations and capacities of existing capital facilities owned by public entities RCW 36.70A.070(3)(a) and WAC 365-196-415(2)(a) recommends the inventory include water, sanitary sewer, stormwater, solid waste management, school, park, and recreation facilities police and fire protection facilities. The element should reference	✓ Inventory of existing facilities	
facilities, police and fire protection facilities. The element should reference water or other system plans, indicate locations of facilities, and show where systems currently have unused capacity. Public services and facilities are defined in RCW 36.70A.030(12) and (13).	Chapter 5 Public Facilities and Services (page 5-1) provides a description of the facilities and their locations. The chapter provides goals and an analysis of future needs.	
Adopted levels of service (LOS) for public services.	□ Adopted LOS. Not proposed at this time, with the exception of the Transportation element at Chapter 4.	
Forecast of future needs to maintain adopted levels of service over the planning period. RCW 36.70A.070(3)(b) requires a forecast of future needs, and WAC 365-196-415 (b) recommends the forecast be based on projected population densities, and distribution of growth over the planning period. This section should consider whether the jurisdiction has sufficient water rights, sewage treatment, or other needed public facilities to support the plan's projected 20-year growth. This may also consider system management or demand management strategies to meet forecast need.	 ✓ Forecast of future needs The projected needs for facilities and services are primarily based on projected population (not LOS) and are contained within the following plans within the following plans within the Appendix of the document: Water System Plan, General Sewer Plan, Stormwater Drainage Plan, Parks (PROS) Plan, 6-year Street Plan, and School District CFPs 	

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Proposed locations and capacities of expanded or new capital facilities.	Proposed locations and
RCW 36.70A.070(3)(c) requires proposed locations and capacities, and	capacities of expanded or
WAC 365-196-415 (3)(C) suggests that the phasing schedule in the Land	<u>new facilities</u> .
Use Element should dictate when and where capital facilities will be	The appendix contains
needed over the 20-year life of the plan. Consider if the concurrency	the following plans that
ordinance or other mechanisms have been effective in providing public	address where future
facilities and services concurrent with development	facility and services will
	be necessary: Water
	System Plan, General
	Sewer Plan, Stormwater
	Drainage Plan, Parks
	(PROS) Plan, 6-year Street
	Plan, and School District
	CFPs
Six-year plan (at least) to finance planned capital facilities within	☑Six-year funding plan
projected funding capacities, and identifies sources of public money for	consistent with comp plan
such purposes. RCW 36.70A.070(3)(d), RCW 36.70A.120 and WAC 365-	
196-415(c)(i)	The CIP Project List is at
This CFP should include all public expenditures for capital expenses	Appendix D
including water, sewer, transportation, etc. WAC 365-196-415(2)(c)(ii)	
suggests that the plan be updated at least biennially so that financial	
planning remains sufficiently ahead of the present for concurrency to be	
evaluated.	☑Impact fees used only
If impact fees are collected, the public facilities for which money is to be	for projects included in
spent on must be included in this element. RCW 82.02.050(4) and WAC	the CFP
365-196-850	
	Policies in regard to
	financing CIP projects are
	addressed throughout
	Chapter 5 (page 5-1) and
	at Section 4.4.8
	Transportation Revenue
	(page 4-4).
Policy to reassess the Land Use Element if probable funding falls short of	☑ Land Use
meeting existing needs and to ensure that the Land Use Element, Capital	reassessment policy
Facilities Element, and financing plan within the Capital Facilities Element	included
are coordinated and consistent. [RCW 36.70A.070(3)(e) and WAC 365-	
196-415(2)(d)(iii)(F) recommends that the plan set forth how pending	Policy, CIP-8 (page 5-10)
applications for development will be affected while such a reassessment is	
being undertaken.	
4. The Utilities Element should relate to all services provided, planned for, page 1.	
jurisdiction. This should be consistent with relevant CWPPs and RCW 36.70A	
The general location, proposed location, and capacity of all existing and	☑ <u>General location and</u>
proposed utilities, including, but not limited to, electrical lines,	capacity of existing and

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telecommunication lines, and natural gas lines. RCW 36.70A.070(4). WAC	proposed facilities	
365-195-420 recommends goals and policies relating coordination in		
construction, permits, utility corridor use and management. Counties and	Page 5-11, Section 5.13	
cities should evaluate whether any utilities should be identified as essential	Franchise Utilities	
public facilities in case of siting difficulties.		

5. The Rural Element (counties only) should be consistent with RCW 36.70A.070(5), <u>RCW 36.70A.030(15) through (17)</u>, and consider RCW 36.70A.011 and WAC 365-196-425. Rural lands are lands not designated for urban growth, or designated as agricultural, forest, or mineral resource lands. For additional information, see Keeping the Rural Vision: Protecting Rural Character & Planning for Rural Development, 1999.

A definition of rural character and rural development consistent with	Definition of rural	n/a
RCW 36.70A.030, (15), (16), and (17). WAC 365-196-425(2) provides	character	
suggestions.	Rural Element is not	
	applicable	

6. The Transportation Element should be consistent with relevant CWPPs ar	nd RCW 36.70A.070(6), RCW 36.70	OA.108, and should consider
WAC 365-196-430 and Your Community's Transportation System: A Guide to	Updating and Implementing your	r Transportation Element
(2012)		
The element includes goals and policies for roadways; fixed route and	Transportation Element	
demand response public transit; bicycle and pedestrian travel; water, rail,	begins at Chapter 4, page	
air, and industrial port and intermodal facilities; passenger and freight rail;	4-1	
and truck, rail, and barge freight mobility. WAC 365-196-430(2)(b)]		
The element should include policies and provisions consistent with regional		
efforts to reduce criteria pollutants from mobile sources. WAC 173-420-		
080 If the planning area is within a National Ambient Air Quality Standards		
nonattainment area, WAC 365-196-430(2)(d) recommends including a map		
of the nonattainment area, severity of the violation, and measures to be		
implemented consistent with the state implementation plan for air quality.		
An inventory of air, water, and ground transportation facilities and	☑ Transportation	
services, including transit alignments, state-owned transportation	inventory	
facilities, and general aviation airports to define existing capital facilities	Page 4-1 and refer to the	
and travel levels as a basis for future planning. RCW	draft Transportation	
36.70A.070(6)(a)(iii)(A). WAC 365-196-430(2)(c) provides	Comprehensive Plan Map	
recommendations for meeting inventory requirements.	(map 4-1)	
The element includes regionally coordinated level of service (LOS)	\blacksquare Levels of service for all	
standards for all arterials and transit routes, LOS for highways of	facilities; local, regional,	
statewide significance, and LOS for other state highways consistent with	and state	
the regional transportation plan. RCW 36.70A.070(6)(a)(iii)(B)	• LOS Page 4-5	
WAC 365-196-430(2)(e)(v) recommends LOS be set to reflect access,	 Design policies are at 	

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mobility, mode-split and capacity goals. WAC 365-196-430(2)(e)(vi) recommends that measurement methodology and standards vary based on the urban or rural character of the surrounding area. Also, balance community character, funding capacity, and traveler expectations. In urban areas, WAC 365-196-430(2)(e)(vii) recommends methodologies for analyzing the transportation system from a comprehensive, multimodal perspective. The element identifies specific actions and requirements for bringing into	Section 4.4.4, page 4-3 ● Funding at Section 4.4.8 <u>Concurrency</u>	
compliance locally owned transportation facilities and services that are below an established LOS standard. RCW 36.70A.070(6)(a)(iii)(D) and WAC 365-196-430(2)(g) Concurrency policies must be consistent with RCW 36.70A.070(6)(b), and consider multimodal improvements RCW 36.70A.108. Strategies such as increased public transit, ride sharing programs, and other multimodal strategies may be used to ensure that development does not cause service to decline on a locally owned facility below adopted levels of service.	Section 4.4.7 Concurrency and Level of Service And Policy T-7.5, page 4-4	
The element describes existing and planned transportation demand management (TDM) strategies, such as HOV lanes, parking policies, high occupancy vehicle subsidy programs, etc. RCW 36.70A.070(6)(a)(vi). WAC 365-196-430(2)(i) provides suggested TDM strategies. If required, a commute trip reduction plan to achieve reductions in the proportion of single-occupant vehicle commute trips has been adopted consistent with the comprehensive plan and submitted to the regional transportation planning organization. RCW 70.94.527.	☑ <u>TDM Strategies</u> Section 4.4.6 TDM, page 4- 3	
The element includes a pedestrian and bicycle component. RCW 36.70A.070(6)(a)(vii). WAC 365-196-430(2)(j) recommends jurisdictions inventory existing pedestrian and bicycle facilities, and identify and plan improvements for facilities. Improvements could focus on safe routes to school, hazard areas, or pedestrian-generating areas, and should be funded in capital facility or transportation improvement plans. See Bicycle and pedestrian planning information and resources at www.wsdot.wa.gov/Walk/default.htm and www.wsdot.wa.gov/bike/default.htm.	<u>Bicycle and pedestrian</u> <u>planning</u> Section 4.4.2 Walking, Bicycling and ADA Mobility	

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The element includes a forecast of traffic for at least 10 years, based on	🗹 10-year Traffic
the Land Use Element, to provide information on the location, timing,	forecast
and capacity needs of future growth. RCW 36.70A.070(6)(a)(iii)(E). WAC	
365-196-430(2)(f) suggests including bicycle, pedestrian or planned transit	☑ Land use element
service in a multimodal forecast. Forecasts should be consistent with	assumptions used to
regionally adopted strategies and plans.	forecast travel
The forecast should be based on assumptions in the land use element.	
RCW 36.70A.070(6)(a)(i) WAC 365-196-430(2)(a)(i) recommends counties	Six-year Street Plan at
and cities use consistent land use assumptions, population forecasts, and	
planning periods for both the land use and transportation elements.	Appendix C incorporates
	planning assumptions
	consistent with the
	Regional Transportation
	Council (RTC).
The element identifies state and local system expansion needs to meet	☑ Future needs
current and future demands. RCW 36.70A.070(6)(a)(iii)(F). WAC 365-196-	
430(2)(f) recommends including bicycle, pedestrian or planned transit	Six-year Street Plan at
service in needs.	Appendix C incorporates
WSDOT's Ten-Year Capital Improvement and Preservation Program for	planning assumptions
state-owned facilities (Required by RCW 47.05.030) is detailed in the	consistent with the
Transportation Executive Information System	Regional Transportation
http://www.transinfo.state.wa.us/ Click on the current projects list, select the most recent legislative final project list and you can select projects by	Council (RTC).
county.	
A multiyear financing plan is included in the element based on the needs	
identified in the comprehensive plan, the appropriate parts of which	
serve as the basis for the six-year street, road, or transit program	17 Funding program
required by RCW 35.77.010 for cities, RCW 36.81.121 for counties, and	✓ Funding program
RCW 35.58.2795 for public transportation systems. RCW	
36.70A.070(6)(a)(iv)(B). WAC 365-196-430(2)(k)(ii) recommends that the	Section 4.4.8, page 4-5
horizon year be the same as the time period for the travel forecast and	
identified needs.	
	☑ Funding analysis
The analysis should assess the identified needs against probable funding	
resources. RCW 36.70A.070(6)(a)(iv)(A). WAC 365.196-430(2)(k)(iv)	Section 4.4.8, page 4-5
recommends counties and cities consider the cost of maintaining facilities	
when considering new facilities.	☑ Funding shortfall
	strategy
If probable funding falls short of meeting identified needs, there is a	
discussion of how additional funding will be raised, or how land use	Policy T-7.5, page 4-4
assumptions will be reassessed to ensure that LOS standards will be met.	
RCW 36.70A.070(6)(a)(iv)(C). WAC 365-196-430(2)(I)(ii) states that this	
review must take place, at a minimum, as part of the eight-year periodic review and update and update of UGAs [eight years per 2011 amendments	
review and update and update of OOAS [eight years per 2011 antendinents	

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to RCW 36.70A.130]. Several choices for addressing funding shortfalls are provided.		
The element discusses intergovernmental coordination efforts, including an assessment of the impacts of the transportation plan and land use assumptions on the transportation systems of adjacent jurisdictions. RCW 36.70A.070(6)(a)(v). WAC 365-196-430(2)(a)(iv) recommends developing transportation elements using the county-wide planning policies to ensure they are coordinated and consistent with the comprehensive plans of other counties and cities sharing common borders.	 Intergovernmental coordination Page 4-1 Page 4-2, Section 4.4.3 Local and Regional Transit Page 4-3, Policies T-6.3 and T-6.4 	
The element discusses how the transportation plan implements and is consistent with the land use element, and how it is consistent with the regional transportation plan. RCW 36.70A.070(6) and WAC 365-196-430 WAC 365-196-430(2)(a)(i) recommends that consistent land use assumptions, population forecasts, and planning periods should be used for both the land use and transportation elements. The transportation element must be certified by the regional transportation planning organization. RCW 47.80.23(3) and RCW 47.80.026	The plan will be sent concurrently with 60-day Notice to Commerce.	

7. The **Economic Development Element** is not currently required because funding was not provided to assist in developing local elements when this element was added to the GMA. However, provisions for economic growth, vitality, and a high quality of life are important, and supporting strategies should be integrated with the land use, housing, utilities, and transportation elements. RCW 36,70A,070(7) An Economic Development Element should include:

A summary of the local economy such as population, employment, payroll, sectors, businesses, and sales. RCW 36.70A.070(7)(a). WAC 365-196-435(2)(a) recommends using population information consistent with the land use and housing elements. Employment, payroll, and other economic information is available from state and federal agencies. Consider gathering data and information for your community data profile pertaining to business, transportation, labor, real estate, utilities, incentives, regulatory, government, and quality of life.Chapter 6 Economic DevelopmentA summary of the strengths and weaknesses of the local economy defined as the commercial and industrial sectors and supporting factors such as land use, transportation, utilities, education, work force, housing, and natural/cultural resources. RCW 36.70A.070(7)(b).Summary on pages 6-1 and 6-2WAC 365-196-435(2)(b) recommends consulting with local development organizations, economic development councils, or economic development districts. Methods for identifying strengths and weaknesses include shift-share analysis, identify of industry clusters, public input, and asset mapping.Summary on pages and policies areIdentification of policies, programs, and projects to foster economicGoals and policies are	36.70A.070(7) An Economic Development Element should include:	
365-196-435(2)(a) recommends using population information consistent with the land use and housing elements. Employment, payroll, and other economic information is available from state and federal agencies. Consider gathering data and information for your community data profile pertaining to business, transportation, labor, real estate, utilities, incentives, regulatory, government, and quality of life.Summary on pages 6-1 and 6-2A summary of the strengths and weaknesses of the local economy defined as the commercial and industrial sectors and supporting factors such as land use, transportation, utilities, education, work force, housing, and natural/cultural resources. RCW 36.70A.070(7)(b). WAC 365-196-435(2)(b) recommends consulting with local development organizations, economic development councils, or economic development districts. Methods for identifying strengths and weaknesses include shift-share analysis, identify of industry clusters, public input, and asset mapping.Summary on pages 6-1 and 6-2	A summary of the local economy such as population, employment,	Chapter 6 Economic
consistent with the land use and housing elements. Employment, payroll, and other economic information is available from state and federal agencies. Consider gathering data and information for your community data profile pertaining to business, transportation, labor, real estate, utilities, incentives, regulatory, government, and quality of life.Summary on pages 6-1 and 6-2A summary of the strengths and weaknesses of the local economy defined as the commercial and industrial sectors and supporting factors such as land use, transportation, utilities, education, work force, housing, and natural/cultural resources. RCW 36.70A.070(7)(b). WAC 365-196-435(2)(b) recommends consulting with local development organizations, economic development councils, or economic development districts. Methods for identifying strengths and weaknesses include shift-share analysis, identify of industry clusters, public input, and asset mapping.Summary on pages 6-1 and 6-2	payroll, sectors, businesses, and sales. RCW 36.70A.070(7)(a). WAC	Development
payroll, and other economic information is available from state and federal agencies. Consider gathering data and information for your community data profile pertaining to business, transportation, labor, real estate, utilities, incentives, regulatory, government, and quality of life.6-2A summary of the strengths and weaknesses of the local economy defined as the commercial and industrial sectors and supporting factors such as land use, transportation, utilities, education, work force, housing, and natural/cultural resources. RCW 36.70A.070(7)(b). WAC 365-196-435(2)(b) recommends consulting with local development organizations, economic development councils, or economic development districts. Methods for identifying strengths and weaknesses include shift-share analysis, identify of industry clusters, public input, and asset mapping.Summary on pages 0-1 and 6-2	365-196-435(2)(a) recommends using population information	
payroll, and other economic information is available from state and federal agencies. Consider gathering data and information for your community data profile pertaining to business, transportation, labor, real estate, utilities, incentives, regulatory, government, and quality of life.6-2A summary of the strengths and weaknesses of the local economy defined as the commercial and industrial sectors and supporting factors such as land use, transportation, utilities, education, work force, housing, and natural/cultural resources. RCW 36.70A.070(7)(b). WAC 365-196-435(2)(b) recommends consulting with local development organizations, economic development councils, or economic development districts. Methods for identifying strengths and weaknesses include shift-share analysis, identify of industry clusters, public input, and asset mapping.6-2	consistent with the land use and housing elements. Employment,	Summary on pages 6-1 and
federal agencies. Consider gathering data and information for your community data profile pertaining to business, transportation, labor, real estate, utilities, incentives, regulatory, government, and quality of life.A summary of the strengths and weaknesses of the local economy defined as the commercial and industrial sectors and supporting factors such as land use, transportation, utilities, education, work force, housing, and natural/cultural resources. RCW 36.70A.070(7)(b).Summary on pages 6-1 and 6-2WAC 365-196-435(2)(b) recommends consulting with local development organizations, economic development councils, or economic development districts. Methods for identifying strengths and weaknesses include shift-share analysis, identify of industry clusters, public input, and asset mapping.Summary on pages 6-1 and 6-2	payroll, and other economic information is available from state and	, , , , ,
real estate, utilities, incentives, regulatory, government, and quality of life.Summary of summary of the strengths and weaknesses of the local economy defined as the commercial and industrial sectors and supporting factors such as land use, transportation, utilities, education, work force, housing, and natural/cultural resources. RCW 36.70A.070(7)(b).Summary on pages 6-1 and 6-2WAC 365-196-435(2)(b) recommends consulting with local development organizations, economic development councils, or economic development districts. Methods for identifying strengths and weaknesses include shift-share analysis, identify of industry clusters, public input, and asset mapping.Summary on pages 6-1 and 6-2	federal agencies. Consider gathering data and information for your	0-2
life.Summary of the strengths and weaknesses of the local economy defined as the commercial and industrial sectors and supporting factors such as land use, transportation, utilities, education, work force, housing, and natural/cultural resources. RCW 36.70A.070(7)(b).Summary on pages 6-1 and 6-2WAC 365-196-435(2)(b) recommends consulting with local development organizations, economic development councils, or economic development districts. Methods for identifying strengths and weaknesses include shift-share analysis, identify of industry clusters, public input, and asset mapping.Summary on pages 6-1 and 6-2	community data profile pertaining to business, transportation, labor,	
A summary of the strengths and weaknesses of the local economy defined as the commercial and industrial sectors and supporting factors such as land use, transportation, utilities, education, work force, housing, and natural/cultural resources. RCW 36.70A.070(7)(b). WAC 365-196-435(2)(b) recommends consulting with local development organizations, economic development councils, or economic development districts. Methods for identifying strengths and weaknesses include shift-share analysis, identify of industry clusters, public input, and asset mapping.	real estate, utilities, incentives, regulatory, government, and quality of	
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factors such as land use, transportation, utilities, education, work force, housing, and natural/cultural resources. RCW 36.70A.070(7)(b). WAC 365-196-435(2)(b) recommends consulting with local development organizations, economic development councils, or economic development districts. Methods for identifying strengths and weaknesses include shift-share analysis, identify of industry clusters, public input, and asset mapping.	A summary of the strengths and weaknesses of the local economy	Summary on pages 6-1 and
force, housing, and natural/cultural resources. RCW 36.70A.070(7)(b). WAC 365-196-435(2)(b) recommends consulting with local development organizations, economic development councils, or economic development districts. Methods for identifying strengths and weaknesses include shift-share analysis, identify of industry clusters, public input, and asset mapping.	defined as the commercial and industrial sectors and supporting	6-2
WAC 365-196-435(2)(b) recommends consulting with local development organizations, economic development councils, or economic development districts. Methods for identifying strengths and weaknesses include shift-share analysis, identify of industry clusters, public input, and asset mapping.	factors such as land use, transportation, utilities, education, work	
development organizations, economic development councils, or economic development districts. Methods for identifying strengths and weaknesses include shift-share analysis, identify of industry clusters, public input, and asset mapping.	force, housing, and natural/cultural resources. RCW 36.70A.070(7)(b).	
economic development districts. Methods for identifying strengths and weaknesses include shift-share analysis, identify of industry clusters, public input, and asset mapping.	WAC 365-196-435(2)(b) recommends consulting with local	
and weaknesses include shift-share analysis, identify of industry clusters, public input, and asset mapping.	development organizations, economic development councils, or	
clusters, public input, and asset mapping.	economic development districts. Methods for identifying strengths	
	and weaknesses include shift-share analysis, identify of industry	
Identification of policies, programs, and projects to foster economic Goals and policies are	clusters, public input, and asset mapping.	
	Identification of policies, programs, and projects to foster economic	Goals and policies are

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growth and development and to address future needs. RCW 36.70A.070(7)(c). WAC 365-196-435(2)(c) recommends identify policies, programs and projects that address identified weaknesses or capitalize on strengths identified by the community. Consider using performance targets to measure success.	specific to areas of the city as follows: Citywide, Downtown, Grass Valley, North of Lacamas Lake, and Eastside
	Commercial District

8. A Parks and Recreation Element is not required because the state did not this provision was added to the GMA. However, park, recreation, and open s and fund these facilities. RCW 36.70A.070(8). Commerce's Guidebook <i>Plann Community</i> , can provide step-by-step assistance. <i>Also see www.rco.wa.g-ov/c</i> and Recreation Element should include:	pace planning are GMA goals, a ing for Parks, Recreation, and O	nd it is important to plan for pen Space in your
Goals and policies to guide decisions regarding facilities. WAC 365-196- 440(2)(b) recommends a visioning process to engage the public in identifying needs, evaluating existing recreational opportunities, and developing goals for the parks and recreation element.	Appendix F- Camas Parks, Recreation and Open Space Comprehensive Plan (PROS)	
Estimates of park and recreation demand for at least a ten-year period based on adopted levels of service and population growth. RCW 36.70A.070(8)(a). WAC 365-196-440(2)(c) recommends establishing levels of service standards that reflect community goals. LOS should focus on those aspects that relate most directly to growth and development.	Appendix F- Camas PROS Comprehensive Plan	
An evaluation of facilities and service needs over the planning period. RCW 36.70A.070(8)(b). WAC 365-196-440(2)(d) lists factors to consider when estimating demand for parks, open space and recreational services.	Appendix F- Camas PROS Comprehensive Plan	
An evaluation of intergovernmental coordination opportunities to provide regional approaches for meeting park and recreational demand. RCW 36.70A.070(8)(c). WAC 365-196-440(2)(f) recommends identifying other local, statewide and regional recreation plans for future facilities and opportunities for public and private partnerships to meet regional demand.	Appendix F- Camas PROS Comprehensive Plan	
The element is consistent with and is a part of the Capital Facilities Element as it relates to park and recreation facilities. RCW 36.70A.070(3)(e). WAC 365-196-440(2)(e) recommends identification of future facilities and services consistent with the land use and capital facilities elements. WAC 365-196-440(2)(g)(iii) recommends identifying strategies for financing in the parts and recreation element, a separate parks plan, or the capital facilities element.	Section 5.7 Parks and Recreation Facilities, page 5-3 Facility needs are listed in the Camas PROS Comprehensive Plan.	

9. The Shoreline Element of the comprehensive plan is the goals and policies of the Shoreline Master Program (SMP). RCW

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36.70A.480 The SMP goals and policies may also be included in an Environmental Element. The SMP goals and policies should be consistent with the rest of the comprehensive plan.		
SMP goals and policies are included in the comprehensive plan. RCW	SMP goals and	
36.70A.480. When a jurisdiction updates its SMP consistent with Ecology's	policies.	
new guidelines (Chapter 173-26 WAC), and according to a schedule in RCW		
90.58.080, protection for critical areas within shorelines is transferred from	Section 3.4.3	
the critical areas ordinance to the SMP. Protection must be at least equal to	Shorelines, page 3-3	
that from the CAO under the GMA.		

10. Provisions for Siting Essential Public Facilities (EPFs) should be consistent wit	h CW/PPs RCW/36 704 200 and	d should consider WAC
365-196-340 and 550. This section can be included in the Capital Facilities Element		
Sometimes the identification and siting process for EPFs is part of the CWPPs.		wir ciciliciti.
The plan includes a process or criteria for identifying and siting essential	☑EPF identification and	
public facilities (EPFs). EPFs include those facilities that are typically difficult	siting process	
to site, such as airports, state education facilities, state or regional	sting process	
transportation facilities as defined in RCW <u>47.06.140</u> , regional transit	Essential public facilities	
authority facilities as defined in RCW <u>81.112.020</u> , state and local correctional	is discussed at Chapter 5	
facilities, solid waste handling facilities, and in-patient facilities including	is discussed at enapter s	
substance abuse facilities, mental health facilities, group homes, and secure		
community transition facilities(SCTF) (defined in RCW 71.09.020(14)). [RCW		
36.70A.200(1)] WAC 365-196-550 provides a list of essential public facilities		
and suggests a potential siting process.		
Policies that address the statutory requirement that no comprehensive plan	No preclusion policy	
may preclude the siting of essential public facilities. RCW 36.70A.200(5).		
WAC 365-196-550(3) list types of comprehensive plan provisions or	Not included in Plan	
development regulations that could make the siting of an essential public		
facility impossible or impractical.		
Jurisdiction considered the Office of Financial Management's list of essential	List considered	
state public facilities that are required or likely to be built within the next six		
years. RCW 36.70A.200(4). (Instructions to find the list are available from	Not included in Plan	
GMS)		
11. Optional plan elements and sub-area plans may be included in the comprehe	ensive plan.	
Additional elements are included in the plan, such as energy conservation,	The plan includes the	
historic preservation, natural hazards, or community design?. [RCW	option element at	
36.70A.080 and WAC 365-196-445] These elements should be consistent with	Chapter 6	
all other elements of the plan. Resources: Historic Preservation: A Tool for	Economic Development	
Managing Growth, Commerce, 1994, revised in 2005, Optional Comprehensive	· · ·	
Plan Element for Natural Hazard Reduction, Commerce, 1999.		
If any sub-area plans included in the plan, they consistent with the other plan	No sub-area plans are	
elements. RCW 36.70A.080(2).	included	

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12. Consistency is required by the GMA.		
All plan elements are consistent with relevant county-wide planning policies (CWPPs) and the GMA. RCW 36.70A.100 and 210 and WAC 365-196-400(2)(c) and 520. WAC 365-197-400(2)(c) suggests CWPPs be referenced in each element, or be appended to the plan to clearly show consistency. Some jurisdictions use a table to show consistency.	 ☑ CWPPs Clark County has not adopted their updated comprehensive plan. However the city is consistent with the current, Clark County Community Framework Plan (2007) 	
The plan describes how all elements fit together, such as consistency of plan elements and future land use map, and consistency of land use and capital facilities elements. RCW 36.70A.070 (preamble). WAC 365-197-400(2)(f) recommends inclusion at the beginning of the comprehensive plan a section which summarizes how the various pieces of the plan fit together.	☑ Internal consistency Page 13 of the pdf "What is a Comprehensive Plan"	Page numbers appear to be missing in this section of the draft document.
Plan is coordinated with the plans of adjacent jurisdictions. RCW 36.70A.100. WAC 365-196-520 suggests counties and cities circulate their proposed plans and SEPA documents with other counties and cities with which they share a common border or has related regional issues. Counties and cities are encouraged to resolve conflicts through consultation and negotiation.	External consistency Camas has participated in the County-City Coordination Team for the comprehensive plan update throughout the process.	

13. Public participation, plan amendments and monitoring		
Plan ensures public participation in the comprehensive planning process. RCW 36.70A.020(11), .035, and .140. WAC 365-196-600(3) provides a list of possible public participation choices.	✓ Public participation Description of public outreach starts on Page 16 of the PDF	Page numbers appear to be missing in this section of the draft document.
If the process for making amendments is included in the comprehensive plan: The plan provides that amendments are to be considered no more often than once a year, not including the exceptions described in RCW 36.70A.130(2). WAC 365-196-640 The plan sets out a procedure for adopting emergency amendments and defines emergency. RCW 36.70A.130(2)(b) and RCW 36.70A.390, WAC 365- 196-650(4)	 Broadly publicized plan amendment process. Description of public outreach starts on Page 16 of the PDF Plan amendments no more than once a year. Page 15 of PDF 	Page numbers appear to be missing in this section of the draft document.
Plan or program for monitoring how well comprehensive plan policies, development regulations, and other implementation techniques are achieving the comprehensive plan's goals and the goals of the GMA . WAC 365-196-660 discusses a potential review of growth management implementation on a systematic basis.	Page 15 of the PDF	Page numbers appear to be missing in this section of the draft document.

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